THE COLUMBIAN

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

At two DOLLARS per year, payable in advance, or during the year. After the expiration of the year, $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are Paper a year strictly in advance—$2.25 if not paid in advance and $2.00 if payment be indicated by end the year.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the Publisher, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State, or to distant post offices, must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neat and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

HENRY L. DIEFFENBACH, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1875.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. IX, NO. 13
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XL, NO. 7

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One inch, (twelve lines or its equivalent in Nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1,50; three insertions, $2.00.

SPACE.	1m.	2m.	3m.	6m.	1y
One inch	$2.50	$3.00	$4.00	$6.00	$10.00
Two inches	3.50	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.00
Three inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	13.00	18.00
Four inches	7.00	9.00	11.00	17.00	25.00
Quarter column	10.00	12.00	14.00	20.00	30.00
Half column	15.00	18.00	20.00	30.00	40.00
One column	25.00	32.00	40.00	60.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's Notices, three dollars.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line. Regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—Isaac Derr, Isaac S. Monroe.
Prothonotary, &c.—H. Frank Zarr.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacobs.
District Attorney—John M. Clark.
Sheriff—Michael Grover.
Surveyor—Isaac Dewitt.
Treasurer—John Sn der.
Commissioners—William Lawton, John Herner, ohn Ent.
Commissioners' Clerk—William Krickbaum.
Auditors—J. J. Campbell, S. E. Smith, David Yost.
Coroner—Charles G. Sturphe
Jury Commissioners—Jacob H. Fritz, William H. Utt.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Bloom Poor District—Directors—O. P. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Creveling, Scott, O. P. Ent, Secretary.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President; H. H. Gro s, Cashier.
First National Bank—Charles R. Paxton, President J. P. Tus in, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President, C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President, J. B. Robison, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. Brower, President, C. G. Barkley, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. J. P. Tustin, (Supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.

Minister—Rev. J. R. Williams.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.

Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. T. F. Hoffmeier.
Residence—East street, near Forks Hotel.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—2 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.
Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock at Heller's church, Madison township.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

Rector—Rev. John Hewitt.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion.
Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but every body welcome.
Persons desiring to consult the Rector on religious matters will find him at the parsonage on Rock street.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

BLANK MORTGAGES for sale cheap at the COLUMBIA Office.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, ju printed and neatly bound in small books, o hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. eb 19, 1875-tf

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

CLOTHING, &C.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries, etc., Main st., East Bloomsburg.

E. M. KNOOR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market streets, in the old post office.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

C. E. SAVAGE, Dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the Central Hotel.

LOUIS BERNARD, Watch and Clock maker, near southeast corner Main and Iron.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

MISS M. DERRICKSON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below Market.

THE MISSES HARMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main street, below Central Hotel.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main street, above Court House.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, groceries, queensware, flour, salt, shoes, notions, etc., Main street.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office S. E. corner Rock and Market streets.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side of Main street, above J. K. Eyer's.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

H. ROSNESTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's store, Main street.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provisions, &c., Main and Centre streets.

MISCELLANEOUS.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk and Harness maker, Shive's Block, Main street.

THOMAS WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

G. W. COREL, Furniture Rooms, three-story brick, Main street, west of Market st.

D. W. ROBBINS, Liquor dealer, second door from the northwest corner Main and Iron streets.

E. J. THORNTON, Wall Paper, Window Shades and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st.

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

A. B. HERRING, Carpenter and builder Main street below Pine.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon, Main street, next door to Good's Hotel.

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and dealer in grain, Mill street.

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, Main street, below Pine.

LIGHT STREET.

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House.

R. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tinware in all its branches.

PETER ENT, Miller, and dealer in all kind of Grain, Flour, Feed, &c. All kinds of Grain purchased.

ESPY.

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
PROGRAMMES,
POSTERS, &c., &c.,
Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

CATAWISSA.

ST. JOHN'S (EPISCOPAL) CHURCH.
Rector—Rev. John Hewitt.
Sunday Services—3 o'clock p. m. every Sunday.
Sunday School—1:30 p. m.
Holy Communion the second Sunday in the month.

DR. E. W. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, on Main street,
Mar. 27, 74-y Catawissa, Pa.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney-at-Law, Main street,

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second street, Robbins' building.

BUCK HORN.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries and General Merchandise.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar. 27, 74-y Bloomsburg, Pa.

A. L. TURNER, Exchange Hotel. B. F. GARDNER, Residence Market St., 1st door below Rev. D. J. Waller's.

DRS. TURNER & GARDNER.
Office over Klein's Drug Store.
Jan. 8, '75-y Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa. July1,73—y

C. R. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House Mar. 6, 74—y

R. F. & J. M. CLARK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Ent's Building. April 10, 74—y

A. CREVELING SMITH. HERVEY EWING SMITH.
A. CREVELING SMITH & SON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
All business entrusted to our care will recieve prompt attention. July1,'73—y

C. R. BROCKWAY. GEORGE R. ELWELL.
BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
All business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention. Sept.11,'74—y

R. H. LITTLE. ROB'T. B. LITTLE.
R. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Business before the U. S. Patent Office attended to. Office in the Columbian Building. 1y—38

E. E. ORVIS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Will practice in all the courts of Columbia, Sullivan and Lycoming counties, in the Supreme court of Pennsylvania, and in the Circuit and District courts of the United States held at Williamsport, Pa.
Will be in his office in the Columbian building, room No. 1, Bloomsburg, on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays of each week; and in Benton on Mondays, Fridays and Saturdays, unless absent on professional business. Sept. 18,1875.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WILLIAM MORRIS,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
Cutting, cleaning and repairing promptly attended to. First floor over J. F. Wideman's Hardware Store, Bloomsburg, Pa. Jan. 6, '7.—tf

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH, which will be inserted on gold plating, silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Office a few doors above the Court House, same side. July ,'73

E. J. THORNTON would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he has just received a full and complete assortment of

WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,

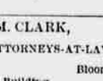
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment, Main street, below Market. July1,'73

VULCAN IRON WORKS,

DANVILLE, MONTOUR COUNTY, PA.

WILLIAM H. LAW, Manufacturer of Wrought Iron Bridges, Boilers, Gasholder, Fireproof Buildings, Wrought Iron Roofing, Roofing Frames, Flooring and Doors, Farm Gates and Fencing, also Wrought Iron Piping, Stacks and all kinds of Smith Work, &c. Repairs promptly attended to.
N. B.—Drawings and Estimates supplied.
July 1, 1873—tf

KEYSTONE CARRIAGE WORKS!



BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

A. S. CROSSLEY has on hand and for sale cheaper than the cheapest, for cash, or will exchange for old Wagons on reasonable terms.

CARRIAGES,
BUGGIES,
AND
WAGONS
of every description both plain and fancy.

Portable Top Buggies, open Buggies, Plain and Fancy Platform Spring Wagons all of the latest style and made of good material and fully warranted.—Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I cannot be undersold. I claim that I make the best wagons for the least money.

I also do painting, trimming and repair old work at the shortest notice, old springs welded and warranted to stand or no pay. I will exchange a portable top buggy for any kind of lumber, such as hemlock, pine, ash, linn hickory and poplar to bedelivered at my shop by the first of February, 1875. Irondale orders taken and McKelvy, Neal & Co's for repairi as cash.
A. S. CROSSLEY.
July1

LIGHT STREET

BUGGY & CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY

H. F. OMAN hereby informs the public that he has entered into co-partnership with his brother, G. L. Oman, and that the business Will hereafter be conducted under the firm name of

H. F. OMAN & BROTHER,

They will have on hand or manufacture to order BUGGIES,
CARRIAGES,
SPRING WAGONS,
LIGHT WAGONS,
ROAD WAGONS,
and every thing in their line of business, of the best material and most complete workmanship, and at as low as can be afforded.

Share of Public patronage is respectfully solicited.

H. F. OMAN & BROTHER.
4—ly.

CENTRAL STORE.

NEXT DOOR TO
HENDERSHOTT'S DRUG STORE.

Has just opened with a New, Fresh Stock of

TEAS, COFFEES, SUGARS, SPICES, PICKLES, SAUCES, FISH, HAM, SHOULDER, CANNED FRUITS VEGETABLES, &c., &c.,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
Fruits, Nuts and Confectionaries.

Our goods have been bought at BOTTOM PRICES and will be sold at the VERY LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES

FOR CASH,
or exchanged for prime articles of
COUNTRY PRODUCE.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO
CALL AND EXAMINE GOODS AND PRICES
FOR YOURSELVES.

We keep no book—all purchases CASH at the time of sale. By this strict cash system a

Saving of 10 to 20 per cent. is assured to Our Customers.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

N. J. HENDERSHOTT.
Bloomsburg, March 19, 1875-y

E. M. KNORR'S BOOT & SHOE STORE

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

THE LATEST AND BEST,
EVERY VARIETY FOR
MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Boots and Shoes of every style,
Good to walk with many a mile.
Gaiters, Slippers, Balmorals,
Just the thing for pretty gals.
Boots and Shoes for boys and men,
Heavy Boots to put on when
Rainy weather is about,
Or if you go to fish for trout.
Lighter Boots for Sunday wear,
Or for a young man hunting *dear*,
Boots and Shoes to suit the trade,
Made to order, or ready made;
New ones made or old ones mended,
Thus the Poet's song is ended.

Large variety of Boots and Shoes for Fall and Winter Trade.

New Goods.

BARGAINS!
BARGAINS!! BARGAINS!!!

OUR MOTTO:
Small Profits and Quick Sales

WORK MADE TO ORDER, BY THE BEST WORKMEN AND OUT OF THE BEST MATERIAL.

A share of the Public Patronage is solicited

GIVE US A TRIAL!

Sept. 18, 74—tf. E. M. KNORR.

NEWLY
MARRIED
COUPLES

ABOUT going to House-keeping should call before purchasing at the Popular Cash Store of

W. P. JONES, CATAWISSA, PA.

and examine his fine stock of Goods suitable for their wants.

Fine Honey-comb Quilts large at $1.25.
Extra Heavy and Large Quilts with Fringe $1.75, 2.50, 3.25 to 3.75.
Very fine Marseilles Quilts $3.00
Table Linens from 37½ to $1.20 per yard.
All Linen Napkins at $125, 1.50, to 2.25 to 3.50 per ozen.
Linen Towels 10, 20, 25 to 62 cents.
Turkish Bath Towels 88 cents to $1.00.
Wool and Felt Table Covers $1.25 to 2.50
Towellings by the yard from 12½ cents up.
Nottingham Lace for Curtains at 20, 28 and 45 cts. per y'd
SOLID AND PLATED NAPKIN RINGS, SPOONS, FORKS, &C.

Also a great variety of other goods which we offer at the
VERY LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH.

W. P. JONES,
Corner Main and Third streets,

CATAWISSA, PA. BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY,

MAIN STREET BELOW MARKET.

ECKHART JACOBS

DESIRES to call the attention of the people of Bloomsburg to his establishment where may be obtained at all times the finest fresh

BREAD,
BISCUIT,
ROLLS,
CAKES,
PLAIN AND FANCY CONFECTIONERY,
&c., &c., &c.,
To be found in Town.

Ornamental Cakes furnished to order.

Parties supplied. All orders filled promptly and satisfaction guaranteed. Mar.27,'74

KELLER & HARTLEY,
Jobbers of
Notions, Hosiery, Fancy Goods, &c.
Correll's Building, Main Street, below Market,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
March 26, 1875-3m

BLANK NOTES, with or without exemption for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

GRAND OPENING!

ELIAS MENDENHALL

HAVING resumed the business of Merchandising at his Old Store, on
MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG,
NEAR THE FORKS HOTEL,
Desires to call the attention of his Friends and the Public generally, o his
NEW, FULL AND VARIED
STOCK OF GOODS,
JUST OPENED,
And solicits a share of public patronage.

HIS STOCK CONSISTS OF
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
WOODENWARE,
WILLOWWARE,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
FLOUR AND FEED.

In connection with his stock of Merchandise he constantly keeps on hand in his yard,
A FULL STOCK OF
Dressed and Undressed Lumber,
AND SHINGLES OF HIS MANUFACTURE.

Bill Lumber made a speciality.

CALL AND SEE.
Oct. 8, 1873—tf.

ROBERT ROAN

CABINET MAKER
AND
UNDERTAKER,
Iron Street, between Main and Third Streets
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ALL kinds of Furniture made to order and broken furniture neatly repaired. The quality and prices of his work will compare with any that can be produced and he respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

Undertaking

Will be carefully and promptly attended to. When called upon during any hour of the day or night he will at once respond and lay out the dead. When female help in such cases is desired he will furnish the same.

Ready Made Coffins

both of WOOD and METALLIC WARE always on hand. He is also the the sole proprietor in Bloomsburg and surrounding districts for

Taylor's Patent Corpse Preserver

By which a corpse may be surely and carefully preserved in ice for any desirable length of time. The use of the Preserver may be obtained from him at any time. Scarfs, Shrouds, Gloves and Mourning for Doors furnished when requested. Also, HEARSE and CONVEYANCES furnished

Remember he is a Regular Undertaker and thoroughly understands his business. He will not be undersold by any in Bloomsburg or in the county.
ROBERT ROAN.
Dec. 11, 74—1y

A GREAT STRIDE!

Up and Over Old Methods found to be faulty, or objectionable, discarded!

A NEW AND VASTLY ADVANTAGEOUS PLAN HEREBY ADOPTED BY

G. M. & J. K. LOCKARD

At their Works in Bloomsburg,

Formerly Bloomsburg Iron and Manufacturing company), where will be kept constantly on hand a large assortment of

White and Red Ash Anthracite Coal,

FOR DOMESTIC PURPOSES, AND
CUPULO, BLACKSMITH AND BITUMINOUS COAL,

at prices to suit the trade. All Coal specially prepared before leaving the Yard. Also

Plows and Threshing Machines,

and all kinds of

Casting and Machine Work.

REPAIRING promptly attended to. They would respectfully solicit the Patronage of the Public.
G. M. & J. K. LOCKARD,
Jan. 8, '74—1y Bloomsburg, Pa.

PAINTING, GLAZING AND PAPERING.

WM. F. BODINE, Iron Street below second, Bloomsburg, Pa., is prepared to do all kinds of

PAINTING,
GLAZING,
and
PAPER HANGINGS,

in the best styles, at lowest prices, and at short notice.

Parties having such work to do will save money by

work warranted to give satisfaction. Order filled

WM. F. BODINE.
Mar. 6, '74—1y.

Gray's Ferry Printing Ink Works.

PRATT & ROBINSON, 8 Spruce St., New York.

ROBINSON, Sansom st., 714 Philada.

BLACK AND COLORED
PRINTING INKS.
C. E. ROBINSON. J. C. ROBINSON,
JOHN M. PRATT, late of H. D. Wade & Co.

PUBLIC SALE HAND BILLS
Printed at this Office
ON SHORTEST NOTICE AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

Miscellaneous.

THE SHELMIRE WILL CASE.

FROM AN OLD LAWYER'S LIBRARY.

I do not remember a case in which I ever succeeded so unexpectedly, and, I might add, by the use of such very simple means, as in the celebrated Shelmire will case. The principal credit of this success was not due to me, however, but to a young man, almost a boy, who was at the time a clerk in my office. He was admitted to the bar soon after, and has now got a flourishing practice. His name was William Wayman

Jacob Shelmire, whose will was in controversy, was an old man of eighty and upwards, who had lived many years in the city, doing a small mercantile business. He was a thrifty, economical old fellow, and the value of his property at his death had grown to about £25,000. The old man had lived in a humble way, known only by the few with whom he did business—a harmless, unimportant old body, with nothing noticeable about him except thrift, and therefore his death was an event which, in such a city as this, was not calculated to attract much attention. I had known old Mr. Shelmire, merely as a passing acquaintance, for some years; but I first became aware of his death upon the visit of a young lady dressed in mourning to my office to consult me about the estate. She was a pretty, thoughtful-looking girl, of twenty or thereabouts, but an entire stranger to me She mentioned her business; and as I was much engaged at the moment with other clients, I asked her to be seated for half an hour, and told Wayman to find her a chair. During my conversation with the men with whom I was occupied, I looked occasionally into the next room (the door being open), and saw that my clerk had for once broken through his habitual reserve, and was standing by the young girl, talking in a low tone with her. But then I did not know that Will had an acquaintance with her of some weeks standing, and that the present call was pursuant to his advice.

At last the office was cleared of all but us three, and I approached the two young people.

"Now, Mr. Wayman," I said, "you have been talking with this young lady, and have probably ascertained her business; and as time is likely to be valuable to us to-day, perhaps you can tell me what she wishes a great deal quicker than she can."

I shouldn't have ventured to say as much as that before an elderly lady, who might have felt called upon to resent my words as an imputation upon her garrulity; but I could see that there was not the least danger of that here.

The young lady smiled, giving me to understand that she understood my meaning; and Will explained that she was the granddaughter of the late Mr. Shelmire, and his only relative, so far as she knew, and therefore entitled to his estate; and she desired to take such legal steps as were necessary to secure it.

This, as I have said, was my first intimation that he had had any family. A few moments' talk with the girl put me right about the facts. Her name was Virginia Garvin; her mother had been Mr Shelmire's only daughter. The old man's wife died years before, and the daughter, Virginia's mother, also died in a distant town, a widow when Virginia was but eight years old Left in poverty, without relatives, and almost without friends, she resolved to seek her grandfather, whom she had never seen, but of whom she had often heard her mother speak. She found him, and he welcomed her warmly to his home. Virginia knew that he had purchased several adjacent houses very cheaply, and they had increased in value; and she supposed that he deposited in the bank, in his own name, several thousand pounds In short, the total value of the estate, real and personal, as I afterwards discovered, was rather above than below £25,000.

Virginia stated that she did not know of another living relative of the deceased beside herself, and believed there was none. She said her grandfather had very often told her that she should have all that he had when he died, and that he had given her the same assurance when he was in his last sickness.

"But was there a will?"

She said, in answer to this question, that he had never said a word on this subject, and she was sure he would have mentioned it had he made one, as he had no secrets from her. I bade her go home and make a careful search for such an instrument, and return to me when she had done so.

She was back the same afternoon. She had searched the house thoroughly, and particularly the little desk where her grandfather kept his papers, and she brought to me all she could find in his hand-writing. There was nothing more than a single book of accounts, three bills of goods sold, and some unimportant memoranda about his business, hastily scrawled upon slips of paper of uneven sizes. In looking these things over I observed that the hand-writing of the deceased was very eccentric in its character. The up-strokes of almost every letter were very heavy, the down-strokes light, the writing sometimes closely followed up the line, and again went up above or below it for several inches; its general appearance was singular and unfinished, and the whole struck me at first as an oddity in the way of chirography.

"Did he always write like this?" I carelessly asked the girl.

"Yes, sir, always," she replied. And then I told her to accompany me to a proctor's office, where I would take the preliminary steps to secure the estate to her. Virginia, being under age, could not be appointed administrator of Jacob Shelmire's estate, and it was my purpose to consult with the proctor and procure the appointment of some honest, trustworthy man, who would discharge the trust with fidelity to the girl and all others interested. Those latter would be few or none, as the girl had informed me that her grandfather never contracted any debts that she knew of, and that no bills had been sent to the house since his death, some weeks before.

The office of the proctor was approached by a flight of narrow stairs, half-way up which we met a man descending. I noticed nothing about him except that he had a thick black beard and moustache, a keen eye, and was dressed in a suit of fashionable cut and make, and sported a large glittering watch chain. He looked carelessly at us, and passed down; and just behind him came another, a slim, elderly man, whose face seemed familiar to me. On reaching the top of the stairs I saw that my companion looked after them and I asked her if she knew them.

"I don't know the first," she replied. "The other is Mr. Passmore, who used to help my grandfather sometimes in the warehouse. He has been selling off the stock since grandfather died. But I thought it so queer that he shouldn't speak to me. He knows me just as well as any one can; but when he saw my face he looked quite the other way."

The incident did not disturb me at the time, although I did not fail to remember it afterwards, and to attach deep meaning to it. We found the proctor alone in his office, and I stated our business. The good man looked first incredulous and then puzzled, and exclaimed, "Well, this is strange! Did you meet any one on the stairs?"

"Yes," I replied; "Mr. Passmore and a stranger."

"Well, sir, that stranger is called Rufus Bledsoe. He states to me that he was a distant relative of the late Mr. Shelmire's wife, and that he has the last will and testament of Mr. Shelmire himself in his possession. He has applied for probate upon it, and I have granted him a citation returnable on the 19th of the present month. There was only one person to be cited, and she lives in the city."

"Virginia Garvin?" I suggested.

"Yes, that is the name."

This, of course, was all the information the proctor had to give. Bidding Virginia follow me, I returned to my office.

My lawyer's instinct had already suggested a suspicion of foul play in this proceeding; and after explaining to the astonished girl what I had learned, I interrogated her about the two men we had met Bledsoe she declared she had never seen or heard of before. She knew that he had never been to the house of her grandfather since she had lived there, and she had never heard the old man name him. As to Passmore, she could add little to what she had already told me of him. In busy times she knew that Mr. Shelmire was in the habit of calling in this Passmore to assist him in his sales and accounts. Her grandfather had sometimes spoken of him as a good assistant, a faithful hand; but he had never been at the house until after his employer's death, when he came to tell her that he would carry on the business as usual until the estate was settled, and would then account to the proper person for his sales and the balance of the stock. She had not seen him since until to-day.

I explained to Virginia that nothing further was to be done in the matter until the 19th, when the citation to attend the will was returnable. I sat in a brown study after she left the office; and then, jumping up with a sudden impulse, I snatched my hat and went up and down the streets of the city until I came to the dingy ware-house that still bore on its weather beaten signboard overhead the name of Jacob Shelmire. I entered, and before me were the two men that I had met on the Surrogate's stairs. They were whispering together over the desk as I entered, and Passmore advanced as soon as he saw me, and curtly demanded my business

The bluntness of his manner, unexpected as it was, threw me off my guard, and I asked, without preface, "Have you any interest, sir, in opposition to that of your late employer's granddaughter?"

"Have you any business to ask me such a question?" he retorted, rudely, if not insultingly.

"I am her counsel, sir," I replied, "and—"

"Yes, yes," he interrupted. "Well, sir, the will is to be proved on the nineteenth, and if you are present you will know all about it."

"But how is it about the will?" I asked. "Virginia insists that there is none, and—"

"She is mistaken," he coolly rejoined.

"Mr. Passmore," I said, "from the relations that have existed between yourself and this young lady's grandfather, you should consider it your duty to acquaint her with anything that may happen to your knowledge, adverse to her interests I ask you now, sir, have you nothing to communicate?"

"Nothing whatever, sir," he responded, with a bland smile.

"Mr. Passmore, you are a scoundrel, sir," I ejaculated.

"Mr. Williams, you are certainly anything but a gentleman," was his tantalizing rejoinder; and, with a meek bow, he retired.

I went back to my office, chafed and irritated to an unwonted degree, and entirely satisfied that a deep plot had been formed to cheat Virginia Garvin out of her inheritance. I thoroughly believed it, but I could do nothing but wait until the day appointed for the probate of the will had brought its revelations.

Well, it came; and I attended before the Surrogate at the hour named in the citation with my client. There were also present Passmore, Bledsoe, and a distinguished member of our bar, whom the latter had obtained to assist him. The man Bledsoe produced an instrument which purported to be, and which he declared was, the will and testament of Jacob Shelmire. It was very brief, giving to Rufus Bledsoe all the property, both real and personal, of which he should die possessed. It was dated, I observed, about a year previous to the time that Virginia had come to live with her grandfather; it was signed with the full name, Jacob Shelmire, written apparently in the same hand with the body of the instrument (and the handwriting *was* marvelously like that of Jacob himself,) and it was witnessed, or purported to be, by Thomas Drake and Peter Larned, both merchants of the city. As he read their names, I happened to know that both of them had been dead several years.

The will was proved by Bledsoe and Passmore, both of them testifying to the genuineness of the signatures of both the testator and witnesses. And Bledsoe, in addition, swore that he had received the will from Jacob Shelmire personally, upon the day after its date.

The story which this man told was substantially as follows: He was a nephew of the late Mrs Shelmire, and was quite a boy when his aunt was married. His new uncle saw him on that occasion, and took quite a fancy to him. The wedding, he said, was in a distant town, where his parents resided, and when the wedding party broke up, Mr Shelmire said to him, "Remember me, my boy if ever you want help." Years after, when chance left him penniless in London, he remembered the circumstance, and went in search of Mr. Shelmire; and the old man gave him a warm welcome. "Your aunt is dead, my boy," he said, "and I have no kith nor kin on earth that I know of; I had a daughter, but she is dead, too, and I can't learn that she has left me any children to take care of. You are welcome, indeed my lad." With this, he took him home and treated him most affectionately while he stayed. The old man was anxious to adopt him and keep him with him till death should separate them; but Bledsoe was a sailor, and soon began to long for another voyage, and at last told the old man that he must go. The night before he went, Mr. Shelmire sat up after his usual bedtime writing, and in the morning he gave to his guest a folded paper which he told him would do him good some time. The old man at the same time gave him £100, and leaving London the same day, Bledsoe had seen no more of it until the day before his interview with the proctor. He had been at sea most of the time since, and had learned by the merest chance, in Liverpool, while looking over the files of a paper, of the death of Jacob Shelmire. Curiosity led him to examine the document which he had given him, and he discovered, to his amazement, that it was the old man's last will and testament, giving all his property to him and making him his executor. In addition to this, the fellow swore that he had often seen Mr. Shelmire and both the witnesses write, and that he knew that these were their genuine signatures.

That this man had lied from beginning to end I could not have the least doubt. I saw deliberate, determined perjury in his snaky-looking eye. For two hours did I cross-examine him, endeavoring to find a weak spot in his story, but he had thoroughly fortified himself and delivered his evidence with all the coolness and nonchalance of an expert. As for Passmore, he swore quite as plumptly as Bledsoe that he was well acquainted with the writing of all the parties whose names were upon the will, and that they were all genuine signatures. Further than this, he remembered distinctly the fact of Bledsoe's visit, and even went so far as to swear that Mr. Shelmire sent him for Drake and Larned the night before Bledsoe left. He said that he found them, and requested them to go to the house on business, and that both had told him that they would go.

I could make nothing more of them than this; and the Surrogate admitted the will to probate when the examination was finished. From this decision I took an appeal to a higher court.

I shall have nothing to say at present of the triumphant looks and actions of those two scheming villians, nor the grief and despondency of poor Virginia. The sight of her pretty face, pale and patient, and so very anxious, made me nervous and unfit for work; and at last I told my student, Will Wayman, that he must talk with her whenever she came into the office.

"Tell her," I said, "that I am working hard for her, and that I will do what can be done."

And with that I left him to talk with her and comfort her. And Master Will, as I have reason to think, was not averse to the duty, and performed it to the mutual satisfaction of both.

Only a few weeks intervened before the sitting of the court at which this case was to be tried. I worked with all the zeal and fidelity of my nature, and with the excitement of my sympathy for the poor girl; but when the day of trial came, I had to confess to myself that I had accomplished next to nothing. I could not find a single person who knew anything about Bledsoe or his pretended visit to the deceased; and Mr. Shelmire, as well as both of the pretended witnesses to the will, were so little known in the city, and their transactions with business men, which required them to write, had been so few, that it was with great difficulty that I could find any one who knew their writing. And of those who had seen them write, and who examined the pretended will, there was not one who could swear that either of the signatures was not genuine.

I entered the court on the morning of the trial with a strange feeling of hopefulness. Except the assertions of fraud and conspiracy that I could make for my client, I knew of nothing that promised to tell in her favor. Virginia took her seat at the counsel-table by me, and looked with interest and curiosity upon the unaccustomed scene. She was looking very handsome, notwithstanding the anxiety in her face; and there were others present besides Will Wayman who thought so, too. I had almost forgotten to mention the deep interest that Master Will had taken in the case since its commencement. I wanted somebody to whom I could talk in confidence about it, and so he had become thoroughly posted in all its details. I knew that he pondered over them considerably, but I was far from thinking that he had worked out anything that could be of any practical use in the case. I understood him better before the day was over.

The case was called and a jury impaneled. The respondent's counsel opened the case in an address of half an hour, giving all the details, and telling minutely what he could prove. Then followed the evidence of Bledsoe and Passmore, giving as audaciously and completely as before the Surrogate. My counsel's cross-examination failed to entrap either of them into any inconsistency, or to shake their wonderful self-possession in the slightest.

At the conclusion of the respondent's case, my counsel addressed the jury in behalf of his client. He roundly charged perjury and fraud upon the two men who had occupied the witness box all the morning, pointing out the suspicious circumstance that both witnesses to the pretended will were dead, and the difficulty of finding any one who knew their writing. He insisted that the pretended will was a base fabrication, and that the whole story of these men was a lie, coined and uttered for the purpose of defrauding a poor girl of her patrimony.

Virginia told her story in brief. She told who she was, how long she had lived with Mr. Shelmire, and what her relations with him had been. The point of her evidence was that he had very often declared that she should be his heir; that he had never mentioned the subject of a will to her, and that she never heard him speak of Rufus Bledsoe.

The jury were evidently interested in the girl, and, I thought, sympathized with her; but I well knew that this could not prevail against the strong affirmative evidence of the respondent.

Will Wayman had sat quietly by the table taking minutes of the evidence. He now hand

The Columbian

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, April 2, 1875.

In the olden time, Alex. Hamilton declared that "gardening is the last refuge of a disappointed politician." Now they go to Europe. Vice President Wilson is just off on a trip to that quarter. His Credit Mobelier stock no doubt furnishes the means.

Large numbers of wild pigeons have been flying in this region for a few days past. Gunners and sportsmen have a gay time amongst them and those who catch them with nets have no doubt had a rich harvest. Unfortunately the birds are not as fat as they sometimes are.

Gov. Hartranft hangs fire on the new license law. Let him come up like a man and either sign or veto it He will have to do one or the other before the 18th of April, or plead the baby act by permitting it to become a law at that time without his signature.

Gen. Spinner, the Treasurer of the United States, has at length really resigned, despatches say. He is one of the grannies that were so firmly fastened upon the government that there was little hope of ever getting rid of him. Gen. Bristow, however, the Secretary of the Treasury, made him attend to his business, which has driven him to retirement.

The Supreme court of the United States has decided that "the Constitution of the United States does not confer the right of suffrage upon any one, and that the Constitutions of the several States which commit that trust to men alone are not necessarily void." Women, therefore, cannot vote unless directly authorised to do so by State laws.

The Supreme Court has decided unconstitutional the law limiting the damages which may be collected from railroad companies for personal injury to passengers to $3,000. The case on which the court rendered its decision arose under the old constitution. The present constitution prohibits any such limitation of damages by the legislature.

A speech in the Federal Senate by Senator Wallace is highly spoken of by Washington correspondents and newspapers generally. It was vigorous and logical in argument, and noted for the conciseness which distinguishes the new Senator. The personal impression made by Mr. Wallace upon his colleagues was most favorable. Of course no amount of reasoning would have any effect upon the votes of Senators. Grant's threats and offers had settled that business.

After a most expensive and vexatious contest of a year and half, the Supreme court has awarded the Prothonotaryship of Luzerne county to Dr. S. W. Trimmer, the Democratic candidate in 1873. Of his election by a majority of legal votes there never was any doubt, but the constantly occurring Scranton frauds and the delays of the law have until within a few days past prevented the desires of the people from being carried out. Intentional fraud at elections ought to be made a penitentiary offence and this would land a considerable portion of the population of Scranton in that institution.

The false statements of the telegraphic despatches in the Philadelphia and New York papers about the floods and condition of the ice in the North and West Branches of the Susquehanna are amusing to those who laugh at folly, but immensely disgusting to those who dispise causeless exaggeration The Williamsport *Gazette & Bulletin* thus hits off one of them:

The New York *Herald* is being furnished with dispatches from Lock Haven by some one who is not adapted to the business of lying; he lies too outrageously—even for the *Herald*, and altogether too much to make lying a success.

As the *Gazette & Bulletin* is master of the situation we accept its conclusion.

The *Columbian* is mistaken in saying that postage stamps are furnished Members of Congress All the other departments of the government, however, are fully supplied with these stamps. Congressmen paid postage on everything they sent through the mails.—*Perry Co. Democrat.*

As the editor of the Perry county *Democrat* was himself a member of the late Congress, he of course knows whereof he speaks. For twenty years past we have been firmly fixed in the notion that nothing possible to happen under the sun could surprise us, but we are disposed to give it up after being reliably informed that Congress provided for the payment of the postage of all other officials at the Federal capital except that of its own members! We are happy to give it a credit mark.

The question as to whether "Good Friday" is a legal holiday has been decided affirmatively by Attorney General Dimmick. Although his decision came too late for practical effect this year it is in time for hereafter, provided there is no legislative interference. The day is observed as a religious holiday by the Catholic and Episcopal churches, and also to some extent by the Lutherans and others. Generally, however, outside the large cities, not much regard is paid to it. In the large cities the churches formally regard it, but business is suspended by but comparatively few.

In some localities good Friday is believed to be the best of all days in the year upon which to sow flax. Probably, however, not much was put into the ground this year on that day.

Certain government detectives are just now filling the papers with sensational despatches about the arrest of Joe. Lawnsbury, formerly of Clearfield county, for shooting an assistant provost marshal in 1864, who attempted to arrest him for not reporting after being drafted. His house was entered at 12 o'clock at night, when he jumped from his bed and fired at a person coming up the stairs. The shot struck Col. Butler, who died the next day. Lawnsbury kept out of the way for some time, but voted in Clearfield borough at the following election. He afterwards resided at Emporium, in an adjoining county, and at Harrisburg. Some years ago he moved to English Center, Lycoming county, where he purchased a farm, the papers in connection therewith being placed on record at Williamsport. Under these circumstances it is difficult to understand why his arrest is an achievement to be bragged about. As to his guilty intention there is no reliable information. As to the gab about "disloyalty" in Clearfield county, we are familiar with the character of its people and do not believe there is a county in the State where genuine patriotism more generally prevails.

Lawnsbury has been taken to Pittsburgh for trial before a Federal court, and will probably be convicted without much reference to his guilt or innocence.

Next Governor.

In discussing the probabilities of the November election the Erie *Observer* thus refers to Hon. Wm. A. Galbraith, of that city, who is one of the fittest and most available of candidates yet suggested for nomination by the Democracy:

It is due Mr. Galbraith to state, that although he has been strongly urged from many directions to allow the use of his name, he is not and will not be a candidate in the sense of seeking after the nomination. While he would feel complimented by the honor, and would not decline the candidacy if offered to him, he is most decided in the determination not to make the slightest move inconsistent with his idea that the office should hunt the man and not the man the office. Whether his nomination could be regarded as among the probabilities after this declaration, depends much upon the shape that political matters assume by the time the Convention assembles.

We have a liking for candidates who do not thrust themselves forward, and yet are not overly ready with positive declinations, but leave their party friends to select the best, the fittest and most available, especially when as in this State there is every prospect of a close contest. Mr. Galbraith is a gentleman of great ability and modest worth, not an office seeker, but one of the most earnest and devoted advocates of Democratic principles in the State, and withal a man of extraordinary popularity in the region of the State where he is best known. The party will be fortunate if it obtain so strong a candidate.

Many are urging the nomination of Gen. Hancock, as preliminary to his election to the Presidency. It is argued that his nomination for Governor would certainly result in his election, and that the man who could carry Pennsylvania would be sure to be nominated and elected President. There is force in the position, and there would be especial propriety and justice in making Hancock the successor of Grant. We have no very exalted idea of mere military candidates, but Gen. Hancock has heretofore proven himself a statesman of high order, as well as the most brilliant General of the time.

Numerous other candidates are being suggested who are not likely to be pressed. We have thus far noticed all who have been named and are likely to become prominent. The future will no doubt develope others.

Couldn't Pay.

When the Legislature adjourned the members were obliged to go home without their pay, the Treasurer, Mr. Mackey, asserting that he has no money to pay them with. This seems a little strange, considering the fact that Gov. Hartranft, in his message, stated that there was over a million dollars in the Treasury. What has Mr. Mackey done with the money? Has he paid it out for the legitimate purpose of the State Government, or has he used it for the benefit of himself and friends, as in the case of George O. Evans, of addition, division and silence fame?

Never before has a legislature adjourned without being able to get their pay. The Radicals have had control of the Treasury now for a long time, but, notwithstanding their extravagance and rascality, they have always managed to save enough money to pay off the members of the Senate and House, until the present year. This is probably accounted for by the fact that this is the first Democratic House there has been for years, and it was a smart little revenge for their threats of investigation into the secrets of the Treasury to deprive them of their pay for the time being Had there been a Radical majority in the Legislature, there would have been no complaints of "no money" to pay them with, but as there was not, the poverty of the Treasury has suddenly become apparent.

Well, well—this thing of having plenty of money on certain occasions and none on others is pretty nearly played out. That financial department will be tureed over to a Democratic Treasurer after next fall's election, and then there will be money in the Treasury or the public will know the reason why.—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

The Civil Rights Abortion.

Judge Emmons, a Judge of a U. S. District court in Tennessee, who was appointed by President Grant, recently instructed a grand jury that the Civil Rights, (negro equality) bill is unconstitutional and that therefore no indictments could be found under it. He says that previous to the adoption of the last amendments nobody pretended that Congress could interfere with the States in the regulation of such matters, and that these amendments do not confer the power. The question will no doubt be carried to the Supreme court of the United States.

No less a personage than Ben. Butler, the author of the act, is out with a letter in which he says the bill is not operative upon saloons or barber shops, or upon any private business, except public conveyances, theatres, hotels, &c. The latter not being required to sell liquor to any body may of course sell only to whom they please.

In some of the States special laws have been passed, designed to defeat the harsh operation of the bill, by expressly permitting hotel keepers, steamboat and other common carriers, theatres, &c., to supply special quarters to persons who may be offensive to other guests or travelers, without mentioning the subject of color.

These facts, together with the important one that public opinion every where is decidedly averse to the law, will render the Civil Rights bill impossible of execution and a dead letter upon the statute book. Like other Radical legislation it is a nuisance, the the very cap sheaf of nuisances. People will always find some way of avoiding repulsive association, and even the most sensible negroes will shun encounter with those to whom their presence is objectionable. White men act upon that principle in their associations as a rule and so do the negroes in their intercourse with each other. What is proper in voluntary action can not be uprooted by Congressional enactments.

Ohio Politics.

It now looks as though the Hon. Ben. Franklin Wade would be the next candidate of the Grant party for Governor of Ohio, while old Bill. Allen, the present incumbent, is sure of the Democratic nomination. The united ages of these venerable war horses may be calculated at something like two centuries and a half, but precise statistics are lacking. Allen has the greatest voice in the State of Ohio, and Wade is the hardest swearer. Ohio will be the first battle ground for the next Presidential election and both parties will put forth extraordinary exertions to carry it. The parties are pretty nearly equally divided, and Wade and Allen are good representatives of the two parties. The election will will be held in October The Radicals are already arranging to send the best men of their party into the State, and the Democrats will lose no time in doing the same.—*Ex.*

The Connecticut election is to take place on Monday next. A Governor, a full State ticket, four members of Congress and a Legislature are to be elected. The State is a very close one usually, and both parties are making all possible effort to carry it, and both now seem very confident.

Devious and Curious.

Joe. Brooks was the Greeley candidate for Governor of Arkansas in 1872. He claimed to be elected by a large majority, and no doubt was. But the Radicals wanted the vote of the State for Grant, and having the majority in Congress, counted it for him This rendered it necessary to decide that Baxter, the Grant candidate, was elected Governor. The latter was in possession and refused to give up. Brooks appealed to the courts, which decided in his favor. Both parties took up arms and besieged the capitol. Grant issued a proclamation declaring Brooks and his army "violent and disorderly persons," and commanding them to disperse within five days. They skedaddled, and that was the last of the fuss for some time. During the peace a new Legislature was elected, a convention was unanimously called to form a new Constitution, whose labors were approved by the people by an almost unanimous vote. A new Governor was elected, receiving nearly all the votes of the people. He was inaugurated, and peace and quietness reigned supreme. Suddenly Brooks appeared at Washington, and asserting that the people not having acted entirely with technical legality, claimed still to be Governor. The Radicals in Congress appointed a committee of investigation, who reported with only one dissenting voice that order and quiet existed, that the people were well satisfied with their government and Brooks had no reasonable claim. Grant then suddenly and to the astonishment of friends and foes, issued a message declaring Brooks Governor. Congress snubbed him, and the House by an overwhelming majority directed him not to interfere. That ended the business.

But at the tail end of the extra session of the Senate we have a ludicrous addenda. The Greeley candidate for Governor in 1872 is suddenly discovered to be a friend of Grant, who appoints him Postmaster at Little Rock, the capital of Arkansas! There is a fall in ambitions pretensions, from Governor to Postmaster—from a Greelev leader of hosts to a Grant lick-spittle—from a marshal of the people to a beggar for crumbs! But there is deviltry in it, and the people will find it out one of these days. Of course all the correspondence of the State and election returns will have to pass through the Little Rock post-office. Are these official papers to be subjected to systematic espionage and manipulation there? Time will tell what this curious bargain was made for.

Revival of Business.

In all the large cities and trade centres business looks most cheering. A writer in the Reading *Gazette* says:

The cheerfulness of the business out-look is commented upon by all the leading journals of the various branches of trade. The *Nation*, which is remarkable for the cautiousness of its expressions, is confident that the depressing effects of the panic are at last substantially over, and that with the growth of the spring, there is to be a general revival in business. The Chicago *Tribune* has been interviewing the different business firms in that city, and reports a very flattering prospect in all branches of trade, and it says its report can be relied upon as authoritative, it being obtained in person. The Troy *Times* gives an account of the status of the various manufacturing and commercial interests there, which shows a decidedly improved prospect for the opening season in both branches of industry. The Boston *Globe* says the indications on all sides are that the general trade of that city is much better than it was a year ago this time, and that no doubt with the advent of mild, settled weather, merchants will experience a fair Spring trade. The general merchandise markets, from week to week, show a decided tendency for the better. It is predicted that the first of April, which is so largely a settlement day throughout New England, will usher in a period of great activity in that section. In several of the towns of Massachusetts factories are reported as running on extra time. The Pittsburg *Commercial* says that in the West the farmers are in a much better condition than was generally supposed, while the reports of many of the railroads of that section show increased earnings. In New York the Spring trade is reported to be progressing favorably now in all directions. The various forwarding lines coastwise have as much freight as they can conveniently handle. With the Eastern States the free movement of merchandise is particularly noticeable. Large quantities of manufactured goods are also arriving, both by steamer and rail. The Savannah, Charleston, and New Orleans steamers also report increasing business, and the produce markets also foreshadow the return of more active times. A large exportation of wheat during the spring and summer is expected from nearly all sections, which will necessarily stimulate business of all kinds. There is enough of everything now, except confidence and everybody should lend a hand to encourage its growth.

Fortunes of the Presidents.

Washington left an estate worth nearly $300,000.

The elder Adams left a moderate fortune at his death.

Jefferson died comparatively poor. If Jongress had not purchased his library at $20,000 he would with difficulty have kept out of bankruptcy at the close of his life.

Madison saved his money and was comparatively rich. The fortune of his widow was increased by the purchase of his manuscript papers by Congress for $30,000.

James Monroe, the sixth president, died so poor that he was buried at the expense of his relatives, in the cemetery between Second and Third streets, near the Bowery of New York city.

John Quincy Adams left about $50,000, the result of industry, prudence, and a small inheritance. He was methodical and economical.

Andrew Jackson left a valuable estate, known as the Hermitage, about twelve miles from Nashville, Tennessee.

Martin Van Buren died rich. His estate was estimated at nearly $300,000.

James K. Polk left about about $150,000.

John Tyler was a bankrupt when he became President. He husbanded his means while in office, married a rich wife, and died wealthy in worldly fortune.

Zachary Taylor left about $150,000.

Millard Fillmore died a wealthy man.

Franklin Pierce saved about $75,000 during his term of service as President.

James Buchanan died a bachelor, and left an estate valued at $200,000 at least.

Abraham Lincoln left about $75,000 although poor when elected.

Andrew Johnson had saved about $30,000 at the close of his Presidential term as residue of salary, deposited it with Jay Cooke & Co., and lost it.

President Grant is estimated to be worth upward of a million.

Some of our exchanges come to hand very irregularly. Where we have reason to suspect that this arises from a disposition to save postage we shall relieve them from occasion for paying it. We never yet had an exchange that was so poor that we did not miss it if it failed to come to hand regularly, or that we did not at least look through its editorials.

The Great War Between Capital and Labor.

The whole coal trade of the Schuylkill region, with an investment of not less than two hundred millions of dollars, is lying idle, and probably not less than forty thousand people out of employment, many of whom are suffering for the common necessaries of life.—*Reading Gazette.*

In the Wyoming and Lehigh regions strikes are also the order of the day, and we hear that even in Wilkes-Barre a coal famine is threatened. We have not time now to discuss the subject in its general bearings, but it is quite evident that both capital and labor have a hard and imperious master—the hard times—to contend with, and that they had much better be engaged in resisting that unrelenting enemy than in contending with each other. Harmony of capital and labor is in the interest of both, at all times, and violence is the enemy of both and a keen feeder of famine, want, oppression and all the incidents of hard times. It is to be hoped that wise and generous councils may pervade the ranks of all parties to the fearful issue that is raised. Each has the assurance of every lesson the world ever taught that their interests are mutually promoted by harmony and good-will and that neither can permanently conquer the other, and they will be wise to profit by the experience of the past.

From Danville we hear that the proprietors of the Iron establishments and their employees have come to an understanding, and that work has been or is to be resumed. This action is not only judicious and commendable but wise, and is the forerunner of the re-establishment of good times.

Our State Charities.

THE APPROPRIATIONS REJECTED BY THE SENATE.

The following is a list of the appropriations to charitable institutions passed by the House, and negatived by the Senate, because the House would not allow Mr. Treasurer Mackey and the Radical State ring full control of the Sinking Fund, but required him to devote it as the law directed, to the payment of the State debt:

Insane Asylum, Warren - - -	$150,000
Mineral Exhibition, Centennial -	15,000
School Exhibition, Centennial -	5,000
Jewish Hospital, Philadelphia -	25,000
Lackawanna Hospital, Scranton -	10,000
Wilkes-Barre Hospital - - -	20,000
Colored Orphans' Asylum - -	2,000
West Pennsylvania Deaf and Dumb	16,000
Allegheny County Prison Society	1,200
Industrial Home for Blind Women, Philadelphia - - -	2,000
Northern home for friendless child'n	5,000
Penn'a University Hospital, Phila.	125,000
Western University, Pittsburgh -	50,000
New Insane Hospital, Philadelphia	25,000
Normal Schools - - - -	85,000
Pine street Sewer, Harrisburg -	500
Erie Hospital - - - -	5,000
Philadelphia Prison Society - -	2,000
Centennial Board of Managers -	10,000
Homeopathic Hospital, Pittsburgh	10,000
Reading Dispensary - - -	2,500
St. Catharine's Orphan Asylum, Reading - - - -	10,000
Reduction of Appropriation to the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Phila.	100,000
Reduction of Appropriation to West Pennsylvania Reform School -	100,000
Total - - - - - -	$776,200

The Race Dying Out.

The mortality among the negroes in the Southern States since their emancipation is something fearful to contemplate. In the Carolinas the death rate, especially among children, is startling. In the District of Columbia, the mortality among whites is 17.90 to the 1000 of population per annum, while among the colored people the average is 63.70 per 1000. In nearly all parts of the South the number of deaths from sickness among the negroes is so much greater than it was during the days of slavery that it excites considerable remark and discussion among the friends of the colored race. In the U. S. army the ratio of sickness among the blacks is much greater than among the white soldiers. From present indications the colored race will be likely to die out even more quickly than the Indians, unless some means can be devised to check the mortality among them. Some of the philanthropists who have heretofore taken so much interest in their welfare should investigate the matter, or the time may come when the taunt of some old-time slave-holders that the "Yankee race only wished to destroy the negroes by emancipation to make room for white labor," will be repeated with some appearance of truth.—*Exchange.*

Radical Discovery of Governor Hartranft's Merits.

The Republican papers, as if in concert, have just discovered that Mr. John F. Hartranft has been a most remarkably good Governor and that he has lately acquired great popularity. How it comes that they have just discovered this state of circumstances they do not inform their readers. That his name is attached to some vicious legislation can readily be established, that he has been the protector, promoter and recipient of salary grabbing there is abundant record, and that he has refused to furnish the Legislature with important information regarding the ring Treasury manipulation by which three millions were improperly added to the State debt, although requested by the House more than a year ago to transmit the facts to it, is also suggestive of the character of his efficiency as Governor His case will be taken up in due time, when the people will see what are his merits as Governor.

The late adjournment of the Legislature was not characterised by the disgusting flummery indulged in by the Radical Legislatures of past years, the presentation of silver services, gold watches, &c., paid for by money stolen from the contingent fund but palmed upon the public as presents in token of deep feeling for duties honorably discharged The Democratic House squashed the business, which compelled the Senate to touch it but lightly.

The House, however, indulged the meek and lowly but always commendable spirit of forgiveness and freely pardoned Wolfe of Union, for insults to the body. He was no doubt punished sufficiently to prevent such action in the future, and that is all the public care any thing about. He made a tearful speech in respoñse, but his friends say he retracted nothing. Of course not—it takes a man of great heart and strong nerve to acknowledge error that involved good manners and common decency. The broad fact still stands, that an official assembly, a Legislature, is not a good place in which to display vulgarity.

The question does "Prohibition prohibit?" has just been answered negatively in Massachusetts by the repeal of the law which has stood on the statute books for seven years. That the system was an entire failure from the first, was admitted even by the strongest friends of total abstinence. Whiskey did not flow as freely in Boston perhaps as it does in Philadelphia or New York, but its procurement was an easy matter. The constabulary which was created for its enforcement developed into an unpopular, inquisitorial and corrupt machine, and a burden upon the tax payers. The repeal of the law was, therefore, dictated for a variety of reasons, not the least of which was a moral one. And thus Maine becomes entitled to the distinction of being the only State of the Union in which "free rum" is not permitted. —*Ex.*

After kicking out Supervising Architect Mullen and forcing Treasurer Spinner to resignation, Mr. Secretary Bristow is bringing his battery to bear upon Internal Revenue Commissioner Douglass, who is a protege of General Cameron, and absolutely requires his resignation. Heretofore the President passively sustained the objectionable officers, but since the Congress has done his bidding and adjourned he cares nothing for it or its members and permits Gen. Bristow to do as he pleases The latter has also inaugurated a campaign against useless and worthless custom house officers, and will prosecute it to complete triumph although he thereby weakens and disintegrates the Republican party. Grant has not willingly surrendered, but because it was the only way to hold his cabinet together and he does not want to trust to a new and inexperienced set while he is off to the watering places and horse races. Bristow is himself suspected of being a future prospective candidate for the Presidency and does not care what becomes of the Republican party at any rate. Grant cares less still unless they will agree to take him for a third term.

Gov. Hartranft has been ill for two weeks past, with a billious attack. He is recovering and expects to be able to attend to official duties in a few days That liquor bill is a "billious" affair, yet is probably not the sole cause of his billiousness.

A fresh water spring in the sea, off the Mantanzas Islands, has been discovered by a vessel of the U. S. Navy. It is thirty feet in diameter and gurgles up with great force.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 1.40
Rye "	.90
Corn "	.55
Oats "	.50
Flour per barrel	8.0
Cloverseed	6.00
Flaxseed	1.50
Butter	.35
Eggs	.20
Tallow	.08
Potatoes	.60
Dried Apples	.10
Hams	.18
Sides & Shoulders	.14
Lard per pound	.14
Hay per ton	16.00
Beeswax	.30
Timothy Seed	5.0

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 4.00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 3.75 " "
No. 6 " "	$ 3.50 " "
Blacksmith's Lump on wharf	$ 4.00 " "
" Bituminous "	$ 6.00 " "

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Rooms 4 and 5, Ikeler's building, 2d floor.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, trading in the firm name of Torrey & Bryson, in Centralia, has been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued hereafter by Robert Bryson & Co., limited. WILLIAM TORREY,
Apr. 2-3t. ROBERT BRYSON.

PROTHONOTARY'S NOTICE. Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the following accounts have been filed in the Prothonotary's office of Columbia county and will be presented to the Court on Tuesday, the fourth day of May, next and be confirmed finally after four days unless exceptions be filed within that time:

Account of Killian Dunkle, Committee of Magdalene Dunkle, a lunatic.

Account of C. R. Woodin, Assignee of the Columbia Iron and Manufacturing Company.

Account of Peter Hayman, Committee of Elizabeth Dietterich, a lunatic.

Account of Frederick Hagenbuch, Trustee of George Hidlay, under the last will of George Hidlay, deceased. F. P. ZARR,
April 2, 75-3t Prothonotary.

CENTRALIA BOROUGH STATEMENT.

David Walsh, Collector for the Borough of Centralia, for the year ending April 2d, 1874:

To amount of duplicate	DR.	$2,064 25
By exonerations on unseated land returned to commissioners	$56 31	
By exonerations on tenants	27 50	
" " " singlemen	21 45	
" " " dog tax	6 00	
" salary as High Constable	20 00	
" serving notices, warrants, &c	12 25	
" commission on $1,814.17 at 5 per cent	90 72	
By amount returned Thos. Flynn, Treasurer	1,814 17	
To balance		3 09
	$2,067 25	$2,067 25

Thomas Flynn, Treasurer of the borough of Centralia, for the year ending April 2d, 1874:

To amount received from David Walsh, Collector	DR.	$1,814 17
By orders redeemed	$674 13	
" amount paid S. Knorr, on bond	200 0	
" " B. F. Zarr, for costs	41 43	
By amount paid C. B. Brockway, balance on bond	46 08	
By amount paid J. G. Freeze, on bond	193 00	
By amount paid B. F. Zarr, Prothonotary, on borough indebtedness	478 61	
By amount paid for attorneys	18	
" commission on $1,814 17 at 3 per cent	54 42	
By balance	23 09	
	$1,814 17	$1,814 17

We, the Auditor's for the borough of Centralia, have examined the above accounts, and find them as stated above. MARTIN GOUGHEN,
WM. H. PRICE, } Auditor's.
JAMES RYAN.

David Walsh, Collector for the borough of Centralia, for the year ending March 1st, 1875:

To amount of duplicate for 1874	DR.	$2,166 20
By amount paid Thomas Flynn, Treasurer	1,183 94	
By balance from last year	3 00	
By balance due borough	$1,186 94 / 979 26	
	$2,166 20	$2,166 20
To balance due the borough	DR.	$979 26
Thomas Flynn, Treasurer of the borough of Centralia, for the year ending March 1st, 1875:		
To balance from last year	DR.	$23 00
" amount received from D. Walsh, collector	1,183 94	
By amount received from Anthony O'Donell, Chief Burgess on account of putting down pavements for property owners		600 00
By orders redeemed	CR. $511 94	
" amount paid B. F. Zarr, on bonds	750 00	
By commission on $1,183 94 at 3 per cent	35 52	
By commission on $600 00 at 2½ per cent	15 00	
By commission on $5 00 at 2½ per cent. paid to Chief Burgess	15 0	
By amount paid sundry bills for lumber, &c., for pavements	300 94	
To balance		21 38
	$1,823 38	$1,823 38
By balance due Treasurer	$1 38	

Recapitulation of the bonded indebtedness of the borough.

To amount of bonds issued up to January 1st, 1871	BOROUGH DR.	$5,728 58
To amount of bonds issued in 1871		2,641 83
	CR.	$8,370 41
By amount paid on bonds in 1872	$861 00	
" " " " " 1873	1,060 72	
" " " " " 1874	7 0 00	$2,635 72
Balance of bonded indebtedness		$5,734 69

We, the Auditors for the borough of Centralia, having examined the accounts for the year ending March 1st, 1875 and them correct as above stated, to the best of our knowledge and belief.

MARTIN GOUGHEN,
WM. H. PRICE, } Auditor's.
JAMES RYAN.
Apr. 2-3t

MASON & HAMLIN
CABINET ORGANS
MAY BE OBTAINED AT
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL
OF
L. B. POWELL,
SCRANTON, Pa.
General Agent also for the celebrated
CHICKERING PIANOS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF WILLIAM HESS, LATE OF SUGARLOAF TOWNSHIP.

Letters of Administration on the estate of William Hess, late of Sugarloaf township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Ezra Stephens of Sugarloaf twp. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

EZRA STEPHENS, Administrator.
March 26—6w

Ayer's
Cherry Pectoral,
For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Among the great discoveries of modern science, few are of more real value to mankind than this effectual remedy for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. A vast trial of its virtues, throughout this and other countries, has shown that it does surely and effectually control them. The testimony of our best citizens, of all classes, establishes the fact, that CHERRY PECTORAL will and does relieve and cure the afflicting disorders of the Throat and Lungs beyond any other medicine. The most dangerous affections of the Pulmonary Organs yield to its power; and cases of **Consumption**, cured by this preparation, are publicly known, so remarkable as hardly to be believed, were they not proven beyond dispute. As a remedy, it is adequate, on which the public may rely for full protection. By curing **Coughs**, the forerunners of more serious disease, it saves unnumbered lives, and an amount of suffering not to be computed. It challenges trial, and convinces the most sceptical. Every family should keep it on hand as a protection against the early and unperceived attack of Pulmonary Affections, which are easily met at first, but which become incurable, and too often fatal, if neglected. Tender lungs need this defence; and it is unwise to be without it. As a safeguard to children, amid the distressing diseases which beset the Throat and Chest of childhood, CHERRY PECTORAL is invaluable; for, by its timely use, multitudes are rescued from premature graves, and saved to the love and affection centred on them. It acts speedily and surely against ordinary colds, securing sound and health-restoring sleep. No one will suffer troublesome **Influenza** and painful **Bronchitis**, when they know how easily they can be cured.

Originally the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, no cost or toil is spared in making every bottle in the utmost possible perfection. It may be confidently relied upon as possessing all the virtues it has ever exhibited, and capable of producing cures as memorable as the greatest it has ever effected.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Ætna, ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	10,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	12,500,000
Lancashire	10,000, 00
Fire Association, Philadelphia	3,100,000
American of Philadelphia	1,100 000
Ætna of Hartford	5 0,000
Wyoming, of Wilkes Barre	251,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,00 0,000
Danville Mutual	75,0 0
Home, New York	5,000,000
	$61,958,000

March 26,'74—y

JUST OPENED.

W. P. JONES has just opened

500 yards Hamburg Edgings and Insertings.

This is the largest and most complete assortment ever opened in this place. And the present affords a good opportunity to procure rare and desirable patterns which can not be had later in the season.

Our arrangements are such that we shall
THROUGHOUT THE SEASON,
Keep a
FULL ASSORTMENT
And our
PRICES WE WILL GUARANTEE
To be as Low
AND LOWER THAN ELSEWHERE.
W. P. Jones,
Corner Main and Third Streets,
CATAWISSA, PA.
March 19, 1875.

AGENTS. Chang Chang sells at sight. Necessary as Soap. Goods free. Chang Chang Manufacturing Company, Boston.

FREE SAMPLES to Agents. Ladies' Combination Needle-book with Chromos Send stamp F P. GLUCK New Bedford, Massachusetts.

AGENTS WANTED for the fastest selling book ever published. Send for circular and our extra terms to Agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

$5,000 For a case of Asthma, Coughs, or Cold that ADAMSON'S BOTANIC BALSAM will not CURE. LARGE BOTTLES 25 cents. JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Agents, Philadelphia.

LIFE and explorations of Dr. LIVINGSTONE giving a clear and authentic account of the great explorer from childhood to death. New book just out, showing how he spent 30 years in the wilds of Africa. It includes his "LAST JOURNALS" and everything new to date. Is selling rapidly.

Our "Family Bibles" are unequaled for styles and prices. AGENTS WANTED address at once for liberal terms. QUAKER CITY PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

CHRISTIAN HARMONY, BY WILLIAM WALKER, A. S. H. A splendid Music Book upon a NEW, Natural and EASY system, by which any one may learn to read music and sing in one-fourth the time required by old methods. Designed for Choirs, Singing Schools and Musical Societies. Liberal inducements to Teachers. Specimen pages mailed free. MILLER'S BIBLE AND PUBLISHING HOUSE, 1102 and 1104 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,
And all Throat Diseases,
USE
WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS
PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.
A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.
For sale by Druggists generally, and JOHNSTON HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Read Every Word.
TO MAKE ENOUGH MONEY
in the next three months to keep you a year, any unemployed person between the ages of 16 and 60 should take an agency for THE ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY, a large, sparkling, literary and family paper, ($3 50 a year) pure, instructive, and amusing; half of its pages full of beautiful pictures, the other half containing the choicest reading matter. JAMES PARTON is contributing serial. Like Dana's great fourth paper, the "London Illustrated News," it is highly moral, but entirely unsectarian and non-political. During a year it furnishes over 1,000 pictures, and the equal of a large octavo volumes of reading matter. IT GIVES AWAY, extra each week, a large engraving, (24 in a year, size 17x24 inches These are exquisite fac-similes of the finest steel engravings, on heavy tinted paper, with margins suitable for framing, and are truly a fine art gallery every year. Besides each subscriber is presented with the chromo, "Gold Fish, Fruits and Flowers," size 22½ x 28½, in 27 colors, painted by Ramsey. Not only the largest and finest premium ever given, but the most wonderfully beautiful picture ever produced. It is just the paper for which everybody has been waiting—larger and finer than any other, at half the usual cost. Its success during the past year is a day of the received proves this. So complete, so progressive, so full of useful as well as entertaining matter is this paper, that we venture to assert that in every building, observant American, a year's subscription (costs $3.50) is, in actual, useful value, worth fifty dollars. AGENTS.—This combination is unequaled. It is an immense success and pronounced success. Every good American takes at least one paper, of course. He takes this paper because (1) it is the nicest newest and best; (2) it is the cheapest—giving a great bargain—and thus suits the hard times. It sells itself. Be quick, if you want an agency. This time of the year any agent can make from $10 to $2 per day send three stamps for specimens and liberal terms, with reports from agents, subscribers, and press notices; or better yet, to save time, send $2.50 at once for a complete outfit, and make $10 while you would otherwise be waiting. You are sure to take hold and like money. Money refunded if not perfectly satisfied, or if the territory you want is already occupied. Address all orders for specimens, subscriptions, or outfits to T. E. MOORE, Publisher "The Illustrated Weekly," P. O. Box 5459 No. 11 Dey St., N. Y. 4w.

CORN in the ear received on subscriptions at the COLUMBIAN office.

ROLLINS & HOLMES

No. 17 Centre Street.

Plumbers Gas and Steam Fitters,
MANUFACTURERS OF
TINWARE,
GALVANIZED IRON CORNICE,
WINDOW CAPS,
AWNINGS,
Wire Trellises, &c. Dealers in Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces, Baltimore Heaters, Low Down Grates, Mantels, PUMPS, Weather Strips, &c. Also
GAS FIXTURES
of the latest design. Special attention paid to repairing Sewing Machines of every description Scales, Locks, Bell Hanging, Key Fitting, &c. Private Residences Heated by Steam at a small cost above Hot Air. Feb 26,'75—tf.

SUI GENERIS.

MASON & HAMLIN
CABINET ORGANS.
UNEQUALED (Indeed UNAPPROACHED in capacity and excellence by any others. Awarded
THREE HIGHEST MEDALS
AND DIPLOMA OF HONOR AT
VIENNA, 1873; PARIS, 1867.
ONLY American Organs ever awarded any medal in Europe, or which present such extraordinary excellence as to command a wide sale there.
ALWAYS trial Expeditions, in America as well as Europe. Out of hundreds there have not been six in all where any other organ have been preferred.
BEST hemispheres, to be unrivaled. See TESTIMONIAL CIRCULAR, with opinions of more than One Thousand (sent free).
INSIST on

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1875

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Mail Train	10.75 A. M	5.12 P. M
Express Train	8.42 P. M.	12.32 P. M
Accommodation Train	8.50 A. M.	7.47 P. M.

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.38 A. M.	7.30 P. M.
Regular Express	3.58 P. M.	11.38 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

RIOT AT CENTRALIA.

As we go to press we are informed that the Sheriff has been telegraphed by the Governor to suppress a riot in the county, probably at Centralia.

C. G. Barkley, Esq., has removed his law office from the Columbian to the Brower building, 2d floor, Main street.

March was true to the adage after all, and went out like a lamb after lionizing nearly all the month.

Chief Woodward has made six arrests during the past month for drunkenness and rows and one on warrant.

Jacob L. Girton has been appointed Express Agent of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Express Company, at Bloomsburg.

Red used on a railroad signifies danger, and says stop. Somebody's wife says, it should be so construed when displayed on a man's nose.

"Sadie Darling," is a beautiful song set to music, for either Piano or Organ, which may be obtained from F. W. Helwick, 278 west sixth street, Cincinnati, Ohio. Price 35 cents.

Do not forget that the entertainment to be given by the Centennial Dramatic Association comes off at the Opera House to-night, Friday. Sale of tickets for reserved seats at Clark's Book store closes at 6 o'clock p. m.

The revival conducted by the Baptists in Bloomsburg has been very successful. The rite of Baptism will be administered to a considerable number of persons on Sunday the 11th inst.

A moving time a flowered three ply carpet, red predominant, containing about 15 yards 3½ yards wide, was lost or stolen. Any information regarding it left at the COLUMBIAN OFFICE will be suitably appreciated.

The attention of the Street Commissioner is directed by a correspondent to the woful condition of Sixth street, from one terminus to the other. It is almost impossible for pedestrians to traverse this thoroughfare.

That nuisance deposited on the vacant lot, corner of Catharine and Seventh streets, should receive the attention of the town authorities, and steps be taken to remove the same. It will certainly breed pestilence if allowed to remain.

The new Town Hall at Espy will be dedicated on Tuesday, April 6th. The entertainment will consist of literary exercises and music by the young ladies and gentlemen of that place. We congratulate the people of Espy on the new enterprise, and wish them success.

Easter started in beautifully, resplendently, with as bright a sun as ever shone and as clear a sky as the eye of mortal ever beheld. Can it be that the "heathen" philosophers who introduced the festival understood better than modern almanac makers when spring commences? Does not spring nearly always come with Easter and seldom before? Modern science and "progress" have not yet, perhaps, so far eclipsed the ancient as some of us conceit.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

In the case of the Danville, Hazleton and Wilkes-Barre Railroad vs. Wm. McKelvy, the Supreme court sustains the rulings of Judge Elwell and the verdict in favor of the latter.

In the case of the Conyngham School District appeal the ruling of Judge Elwell is reversed, the injunction dissolved, and the School Department sustained. The effect of this decision is to authorize School Directors to assess a tax not exceeding 15 mills on the dollar for school purposes. Justice Mercur delivered the opinion.

The Easter Services at St. Paul's Episcopal Church were never more impressive than on Sunday last, which as usual attracted a very large audience. The display of flowers in the church was very beautiful, consisting of lillies, heliotropes, roses, geraniums, &c. Three services were held during the day, the regular service and communion at 10:30 a. m., children's service at 3:30 p. m. and evening service at 7. The music was rendered by a choir of young men, and of course was of the most elaborate kind. Prof. Strickland presided at the organ. The sermons were preached by the pastor, Rev. John Hewitt.

THE SPRING FLOODS.

From our advices and other knowledge on the subject, we are of opinion that all danger of serious damage and trouble from ice floods has passed for this season. In both the North and West Branches of the Susquehanna, and also in the main stream, the ice is broken up, many parts are clear, and though there are gorges and thick strong coatings in places, the ice has been so weakened by the warm sun of a few days past, that we do not doubt it will all pass off with melting and the rising of the waters without further serious damage. With the immense quantities of snow still on the ground, especially in the mountains, there will of course yet be high waters, and heavy warm rains and southerly winds may occasion more or less disastrous floods, but these are always less dangerous after the ice has passed away or its strength materially reduced by the sun.

METHODIST ANNUAL APPOINTMENTS—DANVILLE DISTRICT.

N. S. Buckingham, Presiding Elder, Bloomsburg Post-office.
Danville—St. Paul's—F. B. Riddle.
Danville—Trinity—J. P. Moore.
Riverside—J. T. Wilson.
Northumberland—J. Hunter.
Washingtonville—J. F. Brown.
Iola—H. S. Mendenhall.
Buckhorn—W. A. Carver.
Bloomsburg—J. H. M'Garrah.
Espy and Light Street—F. E. Crever.
Orangeville—F. Gearhart.
Benton—C. L. Benscoter.
Berwick—S. Creighton.
Millinville—B. H. Crever.
Beach Haven—H. B. Fortner.
Bloomingdale—J. P. Benford, J. Gass.
Muhlenberg—W. Moses.
Shickshinny—A. M. Koster.
White Haven—L. T. Swartz.
Hickory Run—T. S. Faus.
Weatherly—B. F. King, I. N. Moorhead.
Hazleton—W. W. Evans.
Jeansville—M. L. Drum.
Conyngham—J. Stine.
South Hebberton—J. Horning, C. J. Buck.
Catawissa—S. W. Sears.
Eyersburg—T. O. Cless, N. B. Smith.
Shamokin—W. L. Spotswood.
Centralia—G. M. Larned.
Helfenstein—G. V. Savidge.
Mount Carmel—A. Brittain.
Ashland—W. A. Houck.
Trevorton—G. H. Day.
Boyd-town—N. W. Colburn.
Sunbury—J. A. DeMoyer.
Selinsgrove—J. Moorhead.

The Orangeville Academy will be opened on Monday, April 12th, 1875. All applicants will address the Principal, Rev. A. Houtz.

The Sunbury *Gazette* reports an egg, produced by a common chicken, that measured ten by six inches and weighed three ounces and five drams. Evidently, either the writer of the paragraph or the "chicken" that laid the egg is a goose.

Mrs. Sarah Gardner, residing with her son-in-law, Mr. Charles Housel, on Sixth street, Bloomsburg, died very suddenly on last Monday afternoon from the effects of a paralytic stroke received some time last fall. She had been almost helpless since that time up to within a day or two of her death, when she seemed much better and required but little assistance in getting about the house. A few minutes previous to her demise she was taking care of a little grandchild, while her daughter, Mrs. Housel, was performing her domestic duties in the upper portion of the house, and had not been out of her mother's sight more than five minutes, when she returned to the room in which she had left her, but not to find her there. Thinking she had stepped into an adjoining room Mrs. H. looked in to find her lying on her face upon the floor, life being extinct. Mrs. Gardner was born in Bethlehem, Northampton county, and was 71 years of age. She had been a resident of Bloomsburg the past four or five years.

DEATH OF WM. McKELVY.

William McKelvy, Esq., one of the oldest and most reputable citizens of Bloomsburg, died on Tuesday last, after a lingering illness, at an advanced age. He was born in 1791 in Lancaster county, but most of his youthful days were spent in Nittany valley, Clinton county, then Centre. In 1810 he came to Catawissa, where he clerked for some years in the store of John Clark. In 1816 he engaged in the mercantile business in Bloomsburg, where he continued to reside until his death. He was a very active, correct and honorable business man, enjoying the confidence of the entire community, and was connected with many business enterprises. For a long time he was a partner of Col. Paxton in the Catawissa paper mill, which he owned at the time of his death. In 1853, in conjunction with Wm. Neal, Esq. and Mr. Mellick, of Light Street, he commenced the erection of an anthracite furnace in east Bloomsburg, which was completed in 1854, and was conducted under the firm name of McKelvy & Neal up to January 1873, when Mr. Neal purchased his interest. He at the same time relinquished his mercantile business to his son, I. W. McKelvy. He was a director of the First National Bank of Bloomsburg, one of the most successful and honorable institutions of the kind in the State, from its organization until about three years ago. He was married in 1817, to a daughter of Isaiah Willets, who died about 15 years ago. Of eight children six survive them. He leaves an estate, it is said, of about $150,000. He was ever one of the most valued citizens of the town, respected and honored wherever known, public spirited and enterprising, of generous disposition and habits, kind, genial and of unquestioned probity. Although he had trodden the full span of life his death will be universally regretted.

Since the foregoing was put in type the following, prepared by a friend of the family, has been handed us:

The departure of one who had for nearly sixty years held the position of the most prominent business man of the place, demands more than a mere announcement.

Descending from that sturdy Scotch-Irish Presbyterian race, which has so deeply impressed its characteristics upon the institutions of our country, our departed friend reflected no discredit upon his lineage.

When in opening manhood his attention was providentially turned to mercantile employments he entered the counting-house of John Clark in Catawissa. His training under a man of his own race, and of whom he always delighted to speak as a man of high-toned christian principle, was a fitting preparation for that long and honorable business career which has now closed.

From his settlement in Bloomsburg he was recognized as a worthy disciple of his well-known mercantile teacher, and despite the confidence of the community. His personal qualities secured that confidence which became unquestioning, and was never shaken. A lively yet discerning sympathy made him ever the active friend of struggling worth. Recognized as such, he had friends who were never alienated, and patronage which gave him ample means.

His mercantile enterprise extended from the gypsum quarries of New York to Baltimore and Philadelphia, at a period when the natural water-courses or the old Conestoga wagon afforded the only facilities. He was looked to as a leader in all improvements of the neighborhood, and confidently expected to contribute liberally.

The oppressor and the extortioner furnished no models for the character of the deceased. It was no part of his study to become possessor of his neighbor's property without a just consideration. His question was not what his neighbor could stand, but what would be to himself a just remuneration. Hence he was not given to the seductive but ruinous vice of usury.

Two successive houses of worship for the congregation with which he statedly worshipped, and of which he was a trustee, found him their earliest and largest contributor. His efforts largely aided in the location of the seat of Justice for the county in Bloomsburg, and his contributions were liberal for the erection of the public buildings. No worthy cause appealed to him in vain for aid. And his rare sagacity was acknowledged in the general acceptance of his recommendation to any claim upon public charity or patronage.

The character and example of such a citizen are worthy of more than fitful, or even cherished family remembrance. Though never a communicant in the church, he often spoke of his faith in Christ as his only hope of salvation. And his last months were seasons of frequent prayer, as he himself expressed, "for the salvation of the world."

WAGONSELLER & Co. have moved their Wholesale Notion House to No. 15 in the new Opera House. Having just returned from the city, they are now receiving extensive additions to their stock and are prepared to furnish merchants in this section with Goods in their line at City Prices. They keep a full line of Clark's & Coates' Spool Cotton.

In the present condition of the roads they will not be able to travel with their wagon, and hence solicit orders from the country, feeling assured that they will be able to render perfect satisfaction in every respect. 13tf

If you want a first class farm wagon such as took the premium at the fair, go to J. R. FAUS.

At RUNYAN & Co.'s the largest and most complete assortment of "Table Cutlery," and "Silver-Plated Ware" can be seen and Will Be Sold for CASH at much lower figures than at any other establishment this side of the city.

Now is the time for I. W. HARTMAN'S New Pongee for Dresses.

Good Oolong Tea for only 40 cents per pound at the Central Tea Store.

Bargains in Carpets. LUTZ & SLOAN will close out their Entire Stock at Cost.

Now is the time for new 25 cent Dress Goods at I. W. HARTMAN'S.

If you want to see the largest and best lot of wagon lumber go to J. R. FAUS.

Go to C. C. MARR for Real Hair Switches, Braids and Pompadores, cheap.

10 pounds Best White Sugar for $1.00 at the Central Tea Store.

Now is time to buy your Cotton and Wool Carpet Chain at I. W. HARTMAN'S.

ROLLINS & HOLMES are now ready to put up Awnings at short notice and are warranted to please. Also all kinds of tinning and gas-fitting attended to promptly.

J. R. FAUS notifies the public that he is prepared to do all kinds of work in the wagon-making line, and also in the blacksmith business, having first-class mechanics, who will accommodate his customers with all kinds of iron-work and horse-shoeing, and all kinds of customary work at reduced prices.

Go to C. C. MARR for Vinegar Bitters, Oil of Gladness, Worm Medicine, Castor Oil, Laudanum, Cough Syrup and Catarrh Snuff.

Call at C. C ROBBINS' for your nice Dry Goods and Groceries. Remember the place, Cadman's Furniture Store.

Shaker's Garden Seeds for sale at RUSSELL'S.

Go to CADMAN'S Furniture Warerooms for nice Walnut Furniture—sold cheap for cash.

CLINT ROBBINS has moved into his new quarters in Cadman's building, and having adopted the cash or ready-pay system, he is prepared to sell all kinds of goods in his line as cheap as the cheapest. Call and examine goods and prices.

If you want a No. 1 platform wagon go to J. R. FAUS.

Granulated Sugar for sale at RUSSEL'S.

C. C. MARR has the largest stock of Machine Needles and Oil and sells cheap.

Pewter Sand for sale at RUSSEL'S.

Picture Frames—Prices Low—Work warranted to suit customers. Bring on your pictures and have them done with promptness, neatness and dispatch.
Walnut Frames,
Gilt Frames,
In fact all kinds of Frames to suit purchasers. Call at J. CADMAN'S Furniture Store.

Go to C. C. MARR'S for Fresh Garden and Flower Seeds.

NEW GOODS for Spring Trade have made their appearance at E. M. KNORR'S.

A House to rent in a desirable part of the town. Apply to PETER A EVANS, or at the COLUMBIAN office. Mar. 26-tf

People will get bargains by buying their Shoes and Books within this month at E. M. KNORR'S. Call and see.

FARMERS, ATTENTION.—RUSSELL takes Butter, Eggs and Produce in exchange for goods.

THE POPULAR CLOTHING STORE.—A full line of elegant Goods for Spring and Summer wear just received, consisting of Cloths and Cassemeres, Ready-made Clothing for Men, Youth and Boys' wear, all of the latest style and at prices to suit the times, at D. LOWENBERG'S.

DANIEL YOCUM has removed his Clothing Store to Henry Hartman's building, in the room occupied as a Carpet Store, where he now has a full supply of goods. Call and see. jan29tf

Go to RUSSELL'S for your Extra Maple Syrup—clear as crystal. Only One Dollar per Gallon.

C. W. NEAL & BRO., spare no expense to end out nice coal. tfdc

TO THE PUBLIC.—Go to W. H. BROWN and get one pound best Tea in market, put up in a beautiful Japanned Gilt Canister, for one dollar.

Our own make of Calf Boots, sewed, for $8.00, at E. M. KNORR'S.

All Coal slated and screened before leaving the old established coal yard of C. W. NEAL & BRO. 25tf

Don't be worried and annoyed with not only a poor quality of Coal but dirty and slaty beside, but buy of C. W. NEAL & BRO. who deal only in the best qualities. 25tf

If you want a good Ham,
If you want cheap and good Tea,
If you want Coffee—Java or Rio,
If you want good Canned Fruit,
If you want the best Mackerel,
If you want Sugar for the least money,
If you want the best Syrups in town,
If you want good Cigars,
If you want good Tobacco.
If you want anything in the Grocery and Provision line, go to RUSSELL'S, Main street. tf-25

ROLLINS & HOLMES have removed to No. 17 Centre Street, below Main.

W. H. BROWN has Salt by the barrel and by the sack. Flour, Feed and New Buckwheat for sale wholesale and retail. Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

Town orders taken by C. W. NEAL & BRO. in exchange for coal. 25tf

W. H. BROWN keeps the most complete and finest assortment of Groceries that can be purchased in market. His Groceries are fresh and are selected from first importers' hands. His prices are low, as he has purchased his goods at bottom figures to suit the times

COAL. COAL

Old Established Coal Yard.

C. W. NEAL & BRO., Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Have constantly on hand large stocks of
Domestic,
Cupola,
Blacksmith's Anthracite,
Bituminous,
and Limeburner's Coal.
Especial attention given to the preparation of coal before leaving our yards. Grain and Lumber taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town at short notice. Orders left at I. W. McKelvy's store, or at our office, will receive prompt attention. Office and Yards at William Neal & Sons' Furnace, East Bloomsburg. Your patronage respectfully solicited.
COAL. [7—tf—25] COAL

LAYTON RUNYON & Co., are now receiving direct from manufacturers, a large accession to their present stock of Hardware, consisting in part of House-building Material, Farming and Mechanic's Tools and Implements of all grades, together with all the latest styles to suit the wishes of all purchasers. These goods have been bought at very low figures under the present pressure of the money market and will be sold FOR CASH at figures so low that all who may look will see that *experience* is worth money to the purchaser, as well as the consumer. Remember, the Hardware Store of LAYTON RUNYON & Co.

"The Ice Gorge is passing away," so is LOWENBERG'S Spring Style of Gent's Hats, the neatest, newest, and nicest Hats for Spring wear. Call and examine, and see for yourselves.

Go to RUSSELL'S for your Groceries. He sells for cash and will not be undersold.

When you go to Philadelphia stop at the Allegheny House, No. 812 and 814 Market street; having been recently renovated Price only $2 per day. A. BECK,
March 19,'75-1y Proprietor.

Merchants going to the city will do well to call on W. H. HUNTER, who is engaged with the old and reliable firm of YEAGER & DEERENSTOCK, for Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, &c., 261 North Third street, Philadelphia. March 19, '75-3m

The first to buy at E. M. KNORR'S will get the best choice and best bargains up til April 1st.

Go to W. H. BROWN for fine Ironstone China Ware. Ask for J. Wedgood's ware, it will not blister and is the best in market. Tea Sets $4.50, Dinner Sets sold at bottom figures. Those that are in want of Ware will find it to their interest to go to W. H. BROWN.

Fine Furnishing Goods,
Fine Dress Shirts,
Linen Handkerchiefs,
Scarfs, Bows and Neck-Ties,
White Gloves in Kid and Thread,
Linen Cuffs and Collars,
all of the latest style and lowest prices, at LOWENBERG'S.

MOYER Bro's. have just opened a large and well selected stock of Toilet Soaps, which they are offering to the trade, from 10 to 20 per cent. lower than they have ever sold in this market.

W. H. BROWN keeps a fine assortment of Canned Fruits and condensed goods. Also, a full assortment of Nuts and French Candy and Oranges and Lemons.

Ladies! protect your hands and faces from chapping in these cold March winds by buying a cake of that cheap but elegant Toilet Soap, just opened at MOYER BRO'S Drug Emporium.

We have seen this week a large lithograph, containing views of the Singer Manufacturing Company's Works at Newark, New Jersey, Glasgow, Scotland, South Bend, Indiana, and Elizabeth, N. J. The last is eleven hundred feet long. The yard contains five miles of railroad track, and their entire works employ three thousand hands, with capacity of making one thousand machines a day. This is the Largest and Richest Sewing Machine Company in the World. Their machines have had an established reputation for the last twenty years of being the most durable and reliable for various kinds of sewing, and the easiest to keep in order of any ever made. They sold in 1872 two hundred and nineteen thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight machines, and in 1873 two hundred and thirty-two thousand four hundred and forty-four, being more than four hundred and fifty-one thousand machines in two years. The best machinists and competent judges say they are superior to all others, and must maintain that reputation in the future, or until a better machine is invented than any now known. Families who intend to buy a machine will find it to their interest to get the Singer They are worth more than the price. 12-2t

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

SUN rises 5 o'clock 32 minutes—sets 6 o'clock 18 minutes.

MOON rises 10 o'clock 19 minutes, a. m.

GOLD is now quoted at a premium of about 12c in other words green backs are 12 per cent. below par.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and linen paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and Trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

PAPER RAGS just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN office.

When you feel a cough or bronchial affection creeping on the lungs, take AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL and cure it before it becomes incurable.

A WRONG CUSTOM CORRECTED.

It is quite generally the custom to take strong liver stimulants for the cure of liver complaint, and both the mineral and vegetable kingdoms have been diligently searched to procure the most drastic and poisonous purgatives, in order to produce a powerful effect upon the liver, and arouse the lagging and enfeebled organ. This system of treatment is on the same principle as that of giving a weak and debilitated man large portions of brandy to enable him to do a certain amount of work. When the stimulant is withheld, the organ, like the system, gradually relapses into a more torpid or sluggish and weakened condition than before. What then is wanted? Medicines, which, while they cause the bile to flow freely from the liver, as that organ is toned into action, will not overwork and thus debilitate it, but will, when their use is discontinued, leave the liver strengthened and healthy. Such remedies are found in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Purgative Pellets.

A CURE OF LIVER DISEASE.

BUSK, Texas, May 1st, 1873.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—My wife last year at this time was confined to her bed with chronic liver disease. I had one of the best doctors to see her and he gave her up to die, when I came upon some of your medicine. I bought one bottle and commenced giving it. She then weighed 92 pounds, now she weighs 140 pounds and is robust and hearty. She has taken eight bottles in all, so you see I am an advocate for your medicines. WILLIAM MEAZEL.

FROM THE NOTED SCOUT, "BUFFALO BILL."

Holland House, Rockford Ill., April 20, 1874.

DR. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.: SIR—I have now taken four bottles of your Golden Medical Discovery in connection with your Pellets, and must say that nothing I have ever taken for my liver has done me so much good. I feel like a new man. Thanks to your wonderful medicine.

W. F. CODY, ("Buffalo Bill.")

E. F. KUNKEL'S IRON WINE OF IRON.

This truly valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community that it is now deemed indispensable as a tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life. Everybody should have it.

For the cure of weak stomachs, general debility, indigestion, diseases of the stomach and for all cases requiring a tonic.

This wine includes the most agreeable and efficient Salt of Iron we possess—Citrate of Magnetic Oxide, combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics—Yellow Peruvian Bark

Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to get rid of nervousness?
Do you want energy?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want to build up a constitution?
Do you want to feel well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?
If you do try KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.
I only ask a trial of this valuable tonic!
Beware of counterfeits, as Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is the only sure and effectual remedy in the known world for the permanent cure of dyspepsia and debility, and as there are a number of imitations offered to the public, I would caution the community to purchase none but the genuine article, manufactured by E. F. Kunkel, and having his stamp on the cork of every bottle. The very fact that others are attempting to imitate this calls the public's attention to its worth and spends volumes in its favor. Get the genuine.

Sold only in 81 bottles. Sold by Druggists and dealers everywhere.

259 TAPE WORM REMOVED ALIVE. 259

Head and all complete in two hours. No fee till head passes. Scat, Pin and Stomach Worms removed by Dr. Kunkel, 29, North Ninth st., Philadelphia. Send for circular or ask your druggist for a bottle of Kunkel's Worm Syrup. It never fails. Price $1.

BLANK MORTGAGES for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

A ROYAL ORGAN.

The stomach has been well named a "regal organ," since it sways and controls the entire system, every gland, tissue and nerve sympathizing with it as the servants of a prince sympathize with their master. Each one of them is fed and sustained by it—even the brain itself, the centre of sensation, is absolutely dependent upon it for sustenance. Consequently, when the stomach fails to perform its all-important office the subordinate organs also falter in their duty. The reason why Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have such a wondrously beneficial effect upon the general health, and are such a reliable preventative of disease, is that they speedily overcome weakness of disorders of the stomach, and thus insure complete nourishment of the entire system and a healthful performance of its various functions. Unlike those stimulants whose alcoholic principle is unmodified by judicious medication, the ephithonic basis of these bitters, which is of the purest description holds in solution herbal alteratives and invigorants to which a foremost rank has been assigned in materia medica. But it is not alone the fact that these sovereign botanic elements enter into the composition of the Bitters that constitutes them such a benign tonic and corrective, but also that they are so happily combined that the full effect of each is exerted upon the disordered or debilitated system. The digestive and secretive organs are the first to experience their beneficent operation, which extends to sympathy, to the brain, the nerves and the circulation. The influence thus exerted is fruitful of those gratifying results which have built up the reputation of this truly national medicine.

If a man wants a bottle of whiskey, let him buy it and take it home like a man, and not sneak home with a bottle of "Bitters" or "Cordial," and pretend that it is medicine. If he wants a tonic that is something better than a temporary stimulant, he should get a bottle of Peruvian Syrup, (an Iron Tonic,) that will vitalize the blood and give durable strength to the system.

WHERE TO ADVERTISE.

A. T. Stewart says the best advertising mediums he has ever found are the old established organs of the two political parties, at the several county seats throughout the Union. "These," he says "reach every family of the least account in their several counties, and are more carefully read than any other class of journals." If Mr. Stewart's judgment is of value, there is no difficulty in deciding which paper it is for the interest of business men to advertise in. The COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, upon which this paper is partially founded, was established in 1836, and the COLUMBIAN now enjoys a wider circulation and greater prosperity than it ever did. It goes regularly into two thousand families in Columbia and adjoining counties, and by most of them is read from the first to the last line. It is the only recognized exponent of near five thousand Democratic voters in the county. It gives advertisements a tasty display, that makes them attractive to its patrons, thus ensuring greater certainty that they will peruse them. While its circulation is undoubtedly much the largest in the county, the advertising rates of the COLUMBIAN are no higher than those of other papers with barely half and several not one-fourth the number of subscribers. Facts like these speak for themselves. No shrewd business man will neglect to insert his advertisement in the COLUMBIAN. tf

MODERN WOMEN.

It is a sad commentary upon our boasted civilization that the women of our times have degenerated in health and physique until they are literally a race of invalids—pale, feeble and back-achy, with only here and there a few noble exceptions in the persons of the robust, buxom ladies characteristic of the sex in days gone by. By a very large experience, covering a period of years and embracing the treatment of many thousands of cases of those ailments peculiar to women, Dr. Pierce, of the World's Dispensary, Buffalo, N. Y., has perfected, by the combination of certain vegetable extracts, a natural specific, which we does not exist as a cure-all, but one which admirably fulfils a singleness of purpose, being a most positive and reliable remedy for those weaknesses and complaints that afflict the women of the present day. This natural specific compound is called Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The following are among those diseases in which this wonderful medicine has worked cures as if by magic and with a certainty never before attained by any medicines: Weak back, nervous and general debility, falling and other displacements of internal organs, resulting from debility and lack of strength in natural supports, internal fever, congestion, inflamation and ulceration and very many other chronic diseases incident to women, not proper to mention here, in which, as well as in the cases that have been enumerated, the Favorite Prescription effects cures—the marvel of the world. It will not do harm in any state or condition of the system, and by adopting its use the invalid lady may avoid that severest of ordeals—the consulting of a family physician. Favorite Prescription is sold by dealers in medicines generally.

AMERICANS ARE A NATION OF DYSPEPTICS.—We live fast, dissipate and fill early graves. We drink all kinds of alcoholic spirits, and swallow, without mastication, pork, grease and every kind of life-destroying, system-clogging, indigestive food. DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS will remove the evil effects, and the recovered patient, with pure, vitalized electrical blood flowing through his veins will have a clearer head and a cooler judgment, which added to experience, will cause him to abstain in the future. 9-4w

THE CONFESSION OF AN INVALID.

PUBLISHED AS A WARNING and for the benefit of YOUNG MEN AND OTHERS who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOSS OF MANHOOD, etc., supplying the means of self-cure. Written by one who cured himself after undergoing considerable quackery, and sent free on receiving a post-paid directed envelope. Sufferers are invited to address the author,
NATHANIEL MAYFAIR,
Mar. 6, '74—6m Box 178, Brooklyn, N. Y.

MANHOOD RESTORED.—A victim of youthful imprudence, causing premature decay, nervous debility, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has found a simple self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 78 Nassau St., New York.
July 3,'74—3m

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON,
191 Penn St., Williamsburgh, New York.

Marriages.

In Benton, Pa., February 17th, 1875, by Wm. Appleman, J. P., Mr. AUGUSTUS DEPUY, to Miss EDITH FORSYTH, all of Sugarloaf township, Pa.

At the residence of the bride's father, Dyer Hill, Pa., on March 18th, 1875, by Rev. M. C. Horine, Mr. GEORGE W. WINTERSTEEN, of Sugarloaf, Pa., and Miss HANNAH E. ROAT.

At White Hall, March 21st, by Rev. H. C. Munro, Mr. ALLEN H. PHILIPS, of Rock Glen, and Mrs. ABIGAIL RUNYAN, of Jerseytown.

March 18th, by Rev. J. B. Rothenstein, Mr. L. W. HESS, to Miss MINERVA J. SEELY, both of Sale ar, Luzerne county.

At Muncy, on the 27th of March, by Rev. Fr. Kilger, Mr. JOSEPH SIEFFER, of Bloomsburg, to Miss GALENA V. LYON, of Pine township.

Deaths.

In Benton, on Saturday, March 13, 1875, Mrs. MARY L. DAVIS, wife of Rodney H. Davis, aged 65 years, 8 months and 4 days.

In Benton township, on Sunday, March 21, 1875, HARRIET L., daughter of Alexander McHenry, aged 16 years, 4 months and 22 days.

At the residence of Mr. C. Kreamer, in Jerseytown, on the 2d inst., Mrs. CATHARINE KREAMER, aged 77 years and one month.

Peace to her ashes.

On the 23d of March, 1875, at Rohrsburg, Columbia county, HENDERSON LEE BOGART, aged 24 years, 4 months and 24 days.

On the 18th of March, by Rev. S. P. Reiner, Mr. SAMUEL B. HOUSE, of Orangeville, to Miss CATHARINE E. HALL, of Salem, Luzerne county.

On March 25th, at the Reformed parsonage at Catawissa, by Rev. G. H. Dechant, Mr. DANIEL LEIBY, to Miss REBECCA E. STEIN, both of Locust township, Columbia county, Pa.

LINES ON THE DEATH OF WELLIE MASTELLER.

Then lost gone to thy rest "Dear Wellie!"
Sweet be thy repose,
Time cloths gently clay,
The toils are over, thy troubles cease,
Fond earthly cares in sweet release.

Then lost gone to thy quiet rest,
For thee no more I need not weep,
Since there are bonds in quiet sleep
Since there are now among the blest.
No mortality in and sorrow pressed.

Then lost gone to thy peaceful rest,
And while the silence we complete,
One thought of our sorrow shall be stole,
Soon will a reunion smile,
We will meet to part no more.

T. E. S.

$5 CASH and the N. Y. Saturday Journal the great Literary Weekly of America, for one year for the regular subscription price, $3. Postage free. NOTE: Subscribers obtained at the above reduced Five Dollars cash rate will have to enclose fifth subscriber's clubs of five at each may be had in the $3 Club list for "clubbing" a cash premium of $2 to every fifth subscriber. The time during which a sufficient quantity of fairness and confidence. Send money or registered letter to EDWARD S. ADAMS, Publisher, 98 William street, New York. Feb. 26-4t.

FORTUNE FOR $1.

Wyoming Monthly

LOTTERY.

Legalized by Authority of an act of the Legislature.

Tickets $1 each, or 6 for $5.

One chance in every nine.

Draws on the last week-day of each and every month.

Fifth Extraordinary Drawing.

1 Cash Prize of	$100,000
1 Cash Prize of	50,000
1 Cash Prize of	25,000
1 Cash Prize of	20,000
1 Cash Prize of	15,000
1 Cash Prize of	12,000

In all, 81,021 Cash Prizes amounting to $256,00

The first Extraordinary Drawing was presided over by Col. Patrick, Fresh of Board of Trade. The second by Governor James. The third by a Committee of Ticket Holders. The fourth by Judge Haskell, Fresh of the Senate.

Agents wanted. Liberal pay. For full particulars send for Circulars. Address the Manager,

Lt. Gen. PATTEE, Laramie City, Wyoming.

N. B.—Laramie City is on the Union Pacific Railroad, between Chicago and Ogden. Feb. 26-4t.

AGENTS WANTED to solicit for the Provident Life & Trust Co.,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Incorporated 3d month, 22d day, 1865.

Good risks of any class solicited. A very reliable and popular company, and easy to solicit for. Apply personally or letter to the HOME OFFICE, Philadelphia. Nov. 13, 74—3m.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH
ROWELL & CHESMAN
Advertising Agents,
THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO

LAYTON RUNYON. CHARLES W. RUNYON

HARDWARE STORE.

LAYTON RUNYON, & CO., BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

keeps constantly on hand a Full and Complete Stock of

HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE,

which we will sell to the Public at Prices so Low as to defy competition.

OUR STOCK CONSISTS IN PART OF

IRON, NAILS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS and PUTTY,

MECHANICS TOOLS AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

of all Grades and Latest Improvements,

BLACKSMITHS BELLOWS, ANVILS, SLEDGES, and HAMMERS.

Burden's Horse and Mule hoes, Horse Nails, &c.

PATENT WHEELS, OLD'S AND WARNER'S PATENTS,

Spokes, Heavy and Light, Carriage Mallebels,

Axles, Springs, Gum and Oil Cloths, Valentines Varnishes, Spirits Turpentine,

and a general Stock of

WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKERS GOODS,

Building Materials, such as *DUNCANNON NAILS*, Lewis' Lead, Best Colors, Pure Oils, &c., as low as they can be bought in the county.

GIVE US A CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.

LAYTON RUNYON & CO

Mar 19, 1875—tf.

NEW HARDWARE STORE!

J. SCHUYLER & SON

SUCCESSORS TO J. F. WIDEMAN & CO.,

Keep on Hand the

LARGEST STOCK

OF

HEAVY

AND

SHELF HARDWARE

In the County.

We have also added to our Stock

PATENT WHEELS & SPOKES,

WHEELBARROWS

GLASS, PUTTY, GRINDSTONES, &c.

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE

In all its Branches, Carefully Selected and Purchased low for Cash giving us Advantages for Selling which can not be excelled by any other

Hardware Store in the County.

GIVE US A CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.

We GUARANTEE both in PRICE and QUALITY of our Goods.

The Largest Store in the Country.

March 12,'75—y J. SCHUYLER & SON, Bloomsburg, Pa.

REMINGTON.

THE REMINGTON SEWING MACHINE has sprung rapidly into favor as possessing the best combination of good qualities, namely: Light running, smooth, Noiseless, Rapid, Durable, with perfect Lock stitch.

It is a Shuttle Machine, with Automatic Drop Feed. Design beautiful and construction the very best.

REMINGTON No. 1 Machine for family use, in the THIRD YEAR OF ITS EXISTENCE, has met with A MORE RAPID INCREASE OF RATIO OF SALES THAN ANY MACHINE ON THE MARKET.

REMINGTON No. 2 Machine for MANUFACTURING and family use, (ready for delivery only since June, 1874), for range, perfection, and variety of work, is without a rival in family or WORKSHOP.

GOOD AGENTS WANTED. SEND FOR CIRCULAR

ADDRESS, Remington Sewing Machine Company, Ilion, N. Y.

BRANCH OFFICES OF REMINGTON COMPANIES.

E. Remington & Sons, Remington Sewing M. Co., Remington Agl Co., } ILION, N. Y.

241 & 483 Broadway, New York, Arms.
Madison Square, New York, Sewing Machines.
Chicago, 237 State St., Sewing Machines and Arms.
Boston, 332 Washington St., Sewing Machines.
Cincinnati, 181 West

Miscellaneous.

Wise Sayings.

It is bliss to learn lessons in love, for woman is our teacher.

It is better to need relief than to want the heart to give it.

He that finds a thing steals it if he endeavors not to restore it.

To be at once in any great degree loved and praised is truly rare.

If the gossip is not in her own house, she is in somebody else's.

Greatness may build the tomb, but goodness must make the epitaph.

The last gentleman in a lady's thoughts is generally the first as well.

Everywhere endeavor to be useful, and everywhere you will be at home.

The heart of a coquette, like the tail of a lizard, always grows again after she has lost it.

Never make a promise when the power of performing that promise depends on another.

There is a certain decorum even in grief; for excess of sorrow is as foolish as profuse laughter.

Virtue is not so versatile in its nature as to be impracticable in any possible condition of human life.

A wise man stands firm in all extremities, and bears the lot of his humanity with a divine temper.

You may shrink from the far reaching solitudes of your heart, but no other feet than yours can tread them.

Vanity, like laudanum and other poisonous medicine, is beneficial in small, though injurious in large quantities.

The world is governed by three things—wisdom, authority for rough people, and appearance for superficial people.

The seeds of love can never grow but under the warm and genial influence of kind feelings and affectionate manners.

The patter of little feet, and the patter of the summer rain, are among the sweetest sounds in the world of nature.

It is good to respect ancient foundations, but we are not, on that account, to neglect founding something in our turn.

Very few in the world have their passions adequately fortified; almost everybody has it in them to be better than they are.

The heart of woman draws to itself the love of others, as the diamond drinks up the sun's rays—only to return them in ten-fold strength and beauty.

To men of poetical nature, life is apt to become a desert, in whose undulating air, as in that of other deserts, objects appear both wavering and gigantic.

If a man be gracious to strangers, it shows he is a citizen of the world, and that his heart is no island cut off from the other islands, but a continent that joins them.

Time is the cradle of hope, and the grave of existence; and while it deprives beauty of her charms, transfers them to the canvas on which they are delineated.

Our most indifferent actions have the impress of individuality; we may convey an impression not to be effaced for years by an unconsidered word or gesture.

Why should we be more shy of repeating ourselves than the spring be tired of blossoms, or the night of stars? Nature never wearies of saying over her floral pater noster.

Wise men mingle mirth with their cares, as a help either to forget or overcome them; but to resort to intoxication for the ease of one's mind, is to cure melancholy with madness.

There are moments when the two worlds, the earthly and the spiritual, sweep by near to each other, and when the early day and heavenly night touch each other in twilight.

At times, it needs only a few cold drops or cold words to make the hot, flowing soul, upon the contact of the strange, cold bodies, scatter like molten lead in zigzag and globules.

To be in company with those we love, satisfies us; it does not signify whether we speak to them or not, whether we think on them or indifferent things; to be near them is all.

The world never keeps faith with the heart that trusts it. Its promises of happiness are perpetually broken. Take it for what it is worth, and set your affections on what is worth more.

It is the most momentous question a woman is ever called on to decide, whether the faults of the man she loves will drag her down, or whether she is competent to be his earthly redeemer.

Revenge is a momentary triumph, of which the satisfaction dies at once, and is succeeded by remorse; whereas forgiveness, which is the noblest of all revenge, entails a perpetual pleasure.

Philosophy is to poetry what old age is to youth; and the stern truths of philosophy are as fatal to the fictions of the one as the chilling testimonies of experience are to the hopes of the other.

It will afford sweeter happiness in the hour of death to have wiped one tear from the cheek of sorrow than to have ruled an empire, to have conquered millions, or to have enslaved the world.

Cultivate consideration for the feelings of other people, if you would never have your own injured. Those who complain most of ill-usage are the ones who abuse themselves and others the oftenest.

Wherever there seems to be provision for trials, and afflictions, and grief, and tears, opposite to it is, at the same time, more abundant provision for things for relief, and rescue, and satisfaction.

No statute that the rich man places ostentatiously in his windows is to be compared to the little expectant face pressing against the window-pane, watching for his father, when his day's occupation is done.

See that each hour's feelings, and thoughts, and actions are pure and true; then will your life be such. The wide pasture is but separate spears of grass; the sheeted bloom of the prairies but isolated bowers.

The person who grieves, suffers his passion to grow upon him; he indulges it, he loves it; but this never happens in the case of actual pain, which no man ever willingly endured for any considerable time.

Were it given to our organic eye to see into the minds of others, we should judge a man much more surely from what he dreams, than from what he thinks; there is will in the thought, there is none in the dream.

The fireside is a school of infinite importance; it is more important because it is universal, and because the education it bestows, being woven in the woof of childhood, gives form and color to the whole texture of life.

Never go back. What you attempt, do with all your strength. Determination is omnipotent. If the prospect be somewhat darkened, put the fire of resolution to your soul, and kindle a flame that nothing but death can extinguish.

The passions are at once tempters and chastisers. As tempters, they come with garlands of flowers on the brows of youth; as chastisers, they appear with wreaths of snakes on the forehead of deformity. They are angels of light in their delusions, they are fiends of torment in their inflictions.

Think before you speak what you shall speak, why you should speak, to whom you shall speak, about whom you are to speak, what will come from what you may speak, what may be the benefit from what you may speak, and lastly, who may be listening to what you may speak. Turn your speech seven ways, and there will never come any harm from what you have spoken.

The Philosophy of Frying.

The object of all cooking, says J. B. Hodkins in the *Housekeeper*, is to bring about those chemical changes in articles of food when exposed to the influence of heat. Baking, frying, boiling or roasting are all only so many different methods of applying heat. The commonest, the most convenient, the cheapest and quickest of the methods is frying, which can be applied to almost all articles of food, which requires the least apparatus and the smallest fire, yet of all methods is the least understood, the one which destroys most food, and is the cause of more indigestion and dyspepsia than all the other methods combined. The reason of this is, that in many substances the admixture of fat prevents the chemical processes of cooking from having their proper development. The perfection of frying would be to have food fried without coming into contact with the fat at all. But as this is, of course, a self-evident impossibility, the next best thing is to have the food come into contact with the fat as little as possible. This is accomplished simply by having the fat hot. Grease of every description is capable of being heated to a very much higher temperature than water; in fact, it can be made almost three times as hot as boiling water. When fat is at its boiling point it is so hot that any article of food brought into contact with it is actually burnt, and this is precisely the reason why, for purposes of frying it should always be boiling hot. For any article of food, a doughnut for example, dipped into boiling fat, is immediately covered all over by a thin crust of burnt dough which prevents the fat from penetrating further in, and enables the rest of the doughnut to be exposed to a greater degree of heat that can be applied to it by any other process, without coming in contact with the fat, and the natural chemical process go on inside with a greater degree of perfection than can be obtained by any other method. Perfect frying is the perfection of cooking, but so soon as the fat is not sufficiently hot to create the burnt crust around the article fried, then the fat penetrates it and absolutely prevents cooking from taking place at all. If the fat is not boiling, bubbling hot, the process that takes place is not cooking, but simply drenching the food with a tepid fat, and rendering it totally indigestible. It makes no difference how hot the fat is made afterward, the mischief is done the moment the fat penetrates inside.

All perfectly fried food has a thin crisp, (which has in itself a relishing taste,) and is perfectly free from even the suspicion of fat inside, except what was intentionally put there by the cook. All house keepers know that to fry well their fat should should be hot. But they do not attend to it half as scrupulously as they would if they understood the true philosophy of it. Boiling, bubbling, hot fat cannot penetrate anything, and cooks to perfection, tepid fat penetrates everywhere and does not cook at all, but actually prevents cooking. Any housekeeper who reads this, and chooses to profit by it, need never put any greasy, fried, half-cooked and indigestible food upon her table. The whole secret consists in having the fat boiled hot before the things are put in. There is one other condition which follows naturally from this first one, but which is almost invariably lost sight of even by good cooks, and that is that the fat should entirely cover the article to be fried. The reason of this is, that the part not at once covered by the fat remains cold, cools off the fat near it, and then absorbs the tepid fat just the same as if it had never been hot. Frying pans should be deep, well-filled, and heated to the boiling point, and then it is easy to turn out fried food, crisp, brown, and dry on the outside, and perfectly soft, moist and well cooked within. It is a peculiarity of the outside crust of things fried in boiling fat that the fat itself drips off from it as readily as water; hence, well fried articles are neither greasy in appearance nor very greasy in reality. Frying ought to be as easy as boiling.

OATS.—It is the peculiarity of our clime that our springs are sometimes short, and that the work on the farm has to be pressed forward under disadvantages before the ardent heats of summer come on. The earlier spring crops, oats for instance, thrive best, if they can be started in cool, moist weather, the vigor of growth being sensibly checked and the yield considerably reduced if the plants encounter the summer heat and dry weather in the earlier stages. Every fair spring day is therefore of consequence, and the earlier oats are seeded after the frost is out of the ground, the greater will be the product, if the soil is adapted to them, and the season prove favorable.

During the great collapse of 1857, a gentleman of color kept a bank in a western city. His institution was apparently in a sound condition, but to be in fashion with the white folks he concluded to fail. Next morning a man came and shook the door, but a voice inside responded that "de bank is closed." But the man replied that he had left a pair of boots there the day before and wanted them. The sable financier opened the door softly, and throwing out one boot remarked: "We is only paying fifty cents on de dollar."

A Memphis fortune teller told a man that a fortune of $30,000 was coming to him the next week, and he shelled out $50 to his wife to buy a new suit. When too late he learned that his wife had fixed the thing with the old woman.

LINIMENT FOR SPRAINS OR LAMENESS.—Two ounces camphoreted spirits, 2 ounces sweet oil, 2 ounces ammonia, 2 ounces chloroform; shake well before using, and rub in by a fire. It is very excellent for a family liniment.

Castor oil applied to a corn after paring closely, each night before going to bed, softens the corn and it becomes as the other flesh.

An aged man, who stands in the Richmond market, Philadelphia, has made nearly two thousand dollars by the sale of horse-radish.

Butter will remove tar spots. Soap and water will afterward take out the grease stain.

Kerosene oil is good for removing rust from cutlery.

VEGETINE

strikes at the root of disease by purifying the blood restoring the liver and kidneys to healthy action, invigorating the nervous system.

VEGETINE

Is not a vile, nauseous compound, which simply purges the bowels, but a safe, pleasant remedy which is sure to purify the blood, and thereby restore the health.

VEGETINE

Is now prescribed in cases of scrofula and other diseases of the blood, by many of the best physicians, owing to its great success in curing all diseases of this nature.

VEGETINE

Does not deceive invalids into false hopes by purging and creating a fictitious appetite, but assists nature in clearing and purifying the whole system, leading the patient gradually to perfect health.

VEGETINE

Was looked upon as an experiment for some time by some of our best physicians, but those most incredulous in regard to its merit are now its most ardent friends and supporters.

VEGETINE

Instead of being a puffed-up medicine has worked its way up to its astonishing present success by actual merit in curing all diseases of the blood, of whatever nature.

VEGETINE

Says a Boston physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of its many wonderful cures after all other remedies had failed, I visited the laboratory and convinced myself of its genuine merit. It is prepared from barks, roots and herbs, each of which is highly effective, and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce astonishing results."

VEGETINE

Is acknowledged and recommended by physicians and apothecaries to be the best purifier and cleanser of the blood yet discovered, and thousands speak in its praise who have been restored to health.

PROOF.

WHAT IS NEEDED.

BOSTON, Feb. 13, 181.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—About one year since I found myself in a feeble condition from general debility. VEGETINE was strongly recommended to me by a friend who had been much benefitted by its use. I procured the article and after using several bottles, was restored to health and discontinued its use. I feel quite confident that there is no medicine superior to it for those complaints for which it is especially prepared, and would cheerfully recommend it to those who feel that they need something to restore them to perfect health.

Respectfully yours,
C. L. PETTINGILL,
Firm of S. M. Pettengill & Co., 10 State st., Boston.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 26, 1872.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—The two bottles of VEGETINE furnished me by your agent, my wife has used with great benefit.

For a long time she has been troubled with dizziness and costiveness; these troubles are now entirely removed by the use of VEGETINE.

She was also troubled with Dyspepsia and general debility; and has been greatly benefitted.

THOS. GILMORE, 229½ Walnut street.

FEL MYSELF A NEW MAN.

NATICK, MASS., June 1st, 1872.

MR. H. H. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—Through the advice and earnest persuasion of Rev. E. S. Best, of this place, I have been taking VEGETINE for dyspepsia of which I have suffered for years.

I have used only two bottles and already feel myself a new man.

Respectfully,
Dr. J. W. CARTER.

Report from a Practical Chemist and Apothecary.

BOSTON, Jan. 1, 1874.

Dear Sir—This to certify that I have sold at retail 1344 dozen (1302 bottles) of your VEGETINE since April 12, 1870, and can truly say that it has given the best satisfaction of any remedy for the complaints for which it is recommended, that I ever sold. Scarcely a day passes without some of my customers testify to its merits on themselves or their friends. I am perfectly cognizant of several cases of scrofulous tumors being cured by VEGETINE alone in this vicinity.

Very respectfully yours,
A. J. GILMAN, 488, Broadway.

TO H. R. STEVENS, Esq.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

March 5, 75-ly

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

AND

Gentlemen's Dress Goods.

DAVID LOWENBERG

invites attention to his large and elegant stock of

Cheap and Fashionable Clothing,

at his store on

MAIN STREET, IN THE NEW BLOCK,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

BOX,
SACK,
FROCK,
GUM,
AND OIL CLOTH,

COATS AND PANTS,

OF ALL SORTS SIZES AND COLORS,

He has also replenished his already large stock of

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
STRIPED,
FIGURED
AND PLAIN VESTS,
SHIRTS,
CRAVATS
SOCKS,
COLLARS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
AND

FANCY ARTICLES.

He has constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of

Cloths and Vestings,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FINE AND CHEAP.

HIS CASE OF JEWELRY IS NOT SURPASSED IN THIS PLACE.

CALL AND EXAMINE HIS GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Clothing, Watches, Jewlry, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG.

ully 1,'75-tf.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,

PHILADELPHIA,

Dealers in

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES

RICE, SPICES, SUGAR SODA, &c., &c.

Orders will receive prompt attention.

jl,7-tf

CORN in the ear received on subscriptions this government other.

1875. 1875

THE COLUMBIAN

Newspaper, the largest sheet published in Columbia county, neatly printed on New Type, will contain all the current News of the Day, and a condensed account of

LEGISLATIVE and CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS,

with explanation and comments upon all important measures proposed in either:

POETRY AND SONG,
MISCELLANEOUS READING,
AGRICULTURAL AND SCIENTIFIC SUBJECTS,

Will also engross a large proportion of its columns. The

DOMESTIC CONCERNS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY,

Will receive particular attention, and all local affairs proper for publication will be carefully laid before our readers.

THE POLITICS OF THE STATE AND NATION

Will receive constant attention, and the character and official conduct of

PUBLIC MEN

Will be presented to our readers, from time to time, in life-like attitude and with entire justice and firmness.

No frauds shall be committed upon the People or Wrong done them without full exposure in the columns of the COLUMBIAN.

COUNTY MATTERS.

All official county advertisements appear in this paper, as will also intelligent synopsis of the proceedings of the Courts and the actions of the County Officers when of public interest.

The COLUMBIAN already has much the largest circulation of any paper in the county—more than the combined circulation of the other papers—and is the only paper printed in the county that supports the principles and time-honored usages of the Democratic party. Its circulation and consequent usefulness may, however, be much extended if its friends will use their influence to stir further add to its list of subscribers. At additional patronage will be required by improving the paper, by adding to its editorial and repertorial force and increasing the quantity of its reading matter. As an

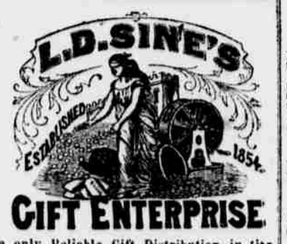
ADVERTISING MEDIUM

The COLUMBIAN is unapproached in this quarter of the State, and our

JOBBING FACILITIES

Are superior to any other.

Our friends are invited to call at the office whenever they come to Bloomsburg.



The only Reliable Gift Distribution in the Country!

$60.000.00

IN VALUABLE GIFTS!

TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN

L. D. SINES'

172nd Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE!

To be drawn Monday, May 3rd, 1875.

Two Grand CapMals of

$5,000 EACH IN CASH

Two Prizes, $1,000
Five Prizes, $500
Ten Prizes, $100
} Each in Cash!

One Horse and Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness, worth $600. One fine-toned rosewood Piano, worth $550.

Ten Family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each!

Three Gold Watches and Chains, worth $300 each. Three Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each. Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth $100 each.

800 *Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches in all, worth from $20 to $300 each!*

GOLD CHAINS, SILVER-WARE, &c., &c.

NUMBER OF GIFTS 6,500!

TICKETS LIMITED TO 60,000!

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL TICKETS, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

Office, Excelsior Build'g, **L. D. SINE,**
Cor. Race & Longworth. Box 402, CINCINNATI, O.
Feb 19, 1875—6w

BLANKS! BLANKS!

FOR SALE AT THE

COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

A. J. EVANS,

READY MADE

AND

CUSTOM MADE

CLOTHING.

HE HAS THE

FINEST GOODS, LATEST STYLES,

AND EMPLOYS THE

BEST WORKMEM

For Good Fits and Promptness in filling orders there is the place to go.

His goods are selected with care and his CUSTOM WORK will compare favorably with the best effort of the fashionable City Dealer.

HE KEEPS A LARGE STOCK OF

BOYS' & CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

AND

GENTLEMEN'S

FURNISHING GOODS

At Astonishingly Low Prices.

July 1, 1873—tf. A. J. EVANS.

THE TIMES.

A FIRST CLASS NEWSPAPER.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

Independent in Everything! Neutral in Nothing.

Opposed to all Corrupt Rings in Municipal, State and National Affairs.

THE DAILY TIMES will be issued on Saturday, the 13th of March next, and every morning thereafter, Sundays excepted, under the editorial direction of A. K. McClure, printed compactly from clear, new type, on a large folio sheet, containing all the news of the day, including the ASSOCIATE PRESS TELEGRAMS, Special Telegrams and Correspondence from all points of interest, and fearless editorial discussion of current topics. Price, TWO CENTS.

Mail subscriptions, postage free, six dollars per annum, or fifty cents per month, in advance.

Advertisements, fifteen, twenty and thirty cents per line, according to position.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Will be issued on Saturday, March 20th, weekly thereafter, containing all important news of the week, and complete Market and Financial Reports.

Mailed, for one year, postage free, at the following rates:

One Copy $1.00
Ten Copies 9.00
Twenty Copies 16.00

ADVERTISEMENTS twenty-five cents per line. Remittances should be made by Drafts or Post Office Orders.

Address

THE TIMES,
No. 14 South Seventh Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

tf

BLOOMSBURG

MARBLE WORKS.

T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor,

MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of

MONUMENTAL MARBLE WORKS

We use the best AMERICAN and ITALIAN Marble. He has on hand and furnishes to order

MONUMENTS,
TOMBS,
HEADSTONES,
URNS, VASES, &c.

Every variety of Marble cutting neatly executed at the lowest market prices.

A long practical experience and personal attention to business makes the proprietor confident of giving satisfaction. All orders by mail promptly attended to. P. O. box 297.

N. B.—Work delivered free of charge.

Aug. 21, 74-1y. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.

ISAIAH HAGENBUCH

DEALER IN

STOVES & TINWARE,

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.,

Has the pleasure of introducing to the Public

A NEW AND SUPERIOR

COOKING STOVE,

THE "ECLIPSE,"

A new and beautiful Stove, for wood or coal. He also keeps constantly on hand a large and varied assortment of other

COOKING STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES,
IRON WEAR in great variety,
TIN WARE, &c., &c., &c.,

which he will dispose of at the lowest rates for cash or approved credit on short time. All articles warranted as represented. He respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

Oct. 30,'74—1y

GREENWOOD SEMINARY.

NEXT TERM BEGINS

Monday, August 3d, 1874.

For particulars, Address,

R. H WHITACRE,

MILLVILLE, PA.

June6,'74—tf

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Bloomsburg Gas company will put in service pipe and furnish meters to the citizens of Bloomsburg for $12.50 where the distance from the street does not exceed 50 feet. Excess of 50 feet will be charged at the rate of 50 cents per foot until September 1st, 1876.

C. W. MILLER, Secretary.

Sept. 2, '74—6

NEW GOODS!

A HEAVY STOCK.

Cheaper than Ever!

S. H. MILLER & SON

Have Just Received

the largest and best supply of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE

DRY GOODS,

They have ever offered to their friends and customers.

Cloths, Cassimeres, and Satinetts

for MEN'S WEAR,

Cloths, Alapacas, Merinos,

for LADIE'S WEAR,

CALICOES, MUSLINS, CAMBRICS,

and every variety of Dry Goods desired,

Carpets, Mats, Ottomans,

in great variety and at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

FAMILY GROCERIES,

including all the varieties of

COFFEES, TEAS and SUGARS,

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

and a general supply of articles useful for the table always on hand.

CALL AND SEE.

Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods at cash prices.

Oct. 30,'74—tf

CARRIAGE

MANUFACTORY

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER

HAVE on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

and every description of Wagons both PLAIN and FANCY,

Warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of

SLEIGHS

of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best material.

An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that none superior can be found in the country.

July 1, 1873—tf.

GAS! GAS!

THATCHER & GEARHART,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Gitters

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THEIR SERVICES IN

Plumbing and Gas Fitting,

in which they have had many years of experience. All work of this kind warranted to be of the best description and executed in the most workmanlike manner.

Gas *Pipe* Laid at 12 *Cents* Per Foot!

Steam Engines and Boilers,

Steam and Hand Pumps,

Pipe and Fittings.

A Splendid Assortment of Chandeliers, Brackets, Lamps, Shades, Bronze Ornaments, &c.

EXQUISITE SLATE MANTELS,

THE CELEBRATED

JAPAN PAPER-WARE,

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RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

NOV. 9th, 1874.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,33 a. m
For Catawissa, 11,33 a. m. and 7,36 p. m.
For Williamsport, 6,28 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, 9,00 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia, 9,15 a. m.
Leave Reading, 11,30 a. m., Pottsville, 12,10 p. m. and Tamaqua, 1,30 p. m.
Leave Catawissa, 6,20 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.
Leave Williamsport, 9,20 a. m. and 5,00 p. m.
Passengers to and from New York and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTEN,
May 9, 1874—tf. General Superintendent.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

Time-Table No. 39, Takes effect at 4:20 A. M. THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1874.

NORTH.			STATIONS.	SOUTH.		
p.m.	p.m.	p.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
12 25	8 35	1 45	Scranton	10 10	2 20	6 20
12 20	8 30	1 40	Bellevue	10 14	2 26	6 26
12 10	8 23	1 3	Taylorville	10 19	2 33	6 41
11 45	8 13	1 25	Lackawanna	10 11	2 41	6 50
11 3	8 05	1 16	Pittston	10 25	2 50	7 00
11 20	7 59	1 11	West Pittston	10 29	2 55	7 05
11 10	7 53	1 5	Wyoming	10 34	3 01	7 11
11 10	7 48	1 00	Maltby	10 38	3 16	7 16
10 45	7 41	12 51	Kingston	10 45	3 15	7 25
8 25	7 35	12 46	Kingston	10 50	3 21	7 35
8 17	7 30	12 41	Plymouth June.	10 55	3 25	7 4
8 12	7 25	12 36	Plymouth	11 00	3 30	7 50
8 05	7 19	12 3	Avondale	11 05	3 36	7 58
8 10	7 15	12 26	Nanticoke	11 19	3 40	8 12
7 46	7 5	12 16	Hunlock's creek	11 18	3 5	8 15
7 26	6 50	12 01	Shickshinny	11 32	4 15	8 35
7 06	6 38	11 46	Rick's Ferry	11 46	4 3	8 5
6 57	6 34	11 39	Beach Haven	11 53	4 38	9 05
6 45	6 24	11 31	Berwick	12 1	4 36	9 0
6 32	6 3	11 22	Briar Creek	12 8	4 45	9 12
6 27	6 18	11 17	Willow Grove	12 12	4 50	9 18
6 20	6 09	11 11	Lime Ridge	12 17	4 56	9 25
6 06	5 53	11 02	Espy	12 26	5 05	9 38
5 58	5 46	10 55	Bloomsburg	12 32	5 12	9 47
5 51	5 40	10 49	Rupert	12 37	5 18	9 58
5 44	5 34	10 43	Catawissa Bridge	12 42	5 24	10 12
5 40	5 30	10 40	Clark's Switch	12 45	5 30	10 16
5 18	5 12	10 22	Danville	1 03	5 48	10 35
5 01	5 03	10 12	Chulasky	1 11	5 58	10 48
4 55	4 57	10 08	Cameron	1 14	6 03	10 55
4 50	4 40	9 5	Northumberland	1 3	6 20	9 20
a.m.	p.m.	a.m.		p.m.	p.m.	a.m.

DAVID T. BOUND, Supt.
Superintendent's Office, Kingston, March 5, 1874.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 20th, 1873, trains will leave SUNBURY as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Erie Mail 5.20 a. m., arrive Elmira		11.50 a. m
"	Canandaigua	3.35 p. m.
"	Rochester	5.15 "
"	Niagara	9.40 "
Renovo accommodation 11.10 a. m. arrive Williamsport 12.55 p. m.		
Elmira Mail 4.15 a. m., arrive Elmira		10.20 a. m.
Buffalo Express 7.15 a. m. arrive Buffalo		8.50 a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

Buffalo Express 2.50 a. m. arrive Harrisburg		4.50 a. m
"	Baltimore	8.40 "
Elmira Mail 11.15 a. m., arrive Harrisburg		1.50 p. m
"	Washington	10.30 "
"	Baltimore	6.30 "
"	Washington	8.50 "
Harrisburg accommodation 8.40 p. m. arrive Harrisburg 10.50 p. m.		
	arrive Baltimore	2.25 a. m.
"	Washington	6.13 "
Erie Mail 12.55 a. m. arrive Harrisburg		3.05 a. m.
"	Baltimore	8.40 "
"	Washington	10.35 "

All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

ON and after SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 15th, 1874, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE	leaves Philadelphia		12.55 p. m
"	"	Harrisburg	5.50 p. m
"	"	Williamsport	9.15 p. m
"	"	Lock Haven	10.20 p. m
"	arrive at	Buffalo	9.00 a. m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia		11.55 p. m
"	"	Harrisburg	4.25 a. m
"	"	Williamsport	8.25 a. m
"	"	Lock Haven	9.45 a. m
"	"	Renovo	11.10 a. m
"	arr. at	Erie	6.05 p. m
ELMIRA MAIL leaves	Philadelphia		8.00 a. m.
"	"	Harrisburg	1.25 p. m.
"	"	Williamsport	6.20 p. m.
"	arr. at	Lock Haven	7.30 p. m.
LOCK HAVEN ACCOM. leaves	Harrisburg	